The Centre Reporter.

VOL. LXXVIII. CENTRE HALL, PA., THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1905. NO. 6.

CENTRE COUNTY IN THE CIVIL WAR.

148th Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers.

By T. P. Meyer, Sergeant Co. A., 148th Regiment, P. V.

[To be Continued.]

CHAPTER X.]

John Parkes, Chambersburg, Pa. Mustered at Carlisle, Pa. August 28th, 1863; joined the company in camp at Brandy Station, Va. Nov. 19th, 1863. Wounded in battle at Cold Harbor, Va. June 3rd, 1864; wound healed and he returned to the company about the 10th of August. Was taken prisoner in the daring charge of the one hundred men of the 148th Pennsylvania Volunteers, on the Confederate Crater Fort, before Petersburg, Va. on the evening of October 27th, 1864, and taken to the Confederate Prison Camp at Salisbury, N. C. This was the last ever heard of him. He, no doubt, died in some Confederate prison camp. Place of death and burial unknown. This man, though conscripted into the army, considered no peril where duty called, as this incident of the battle of Reams Station, Va. August 25th, 1864, shows. The battle slackened; skirmishes were foolishly asked to leave works, and advance across an open field against a Confederate line of battle, in plain sight, in the edge of the woods, forming for a charge. This looked like certain death, an absolutely useless sacrifice of life. The boys hesitated, Parkes said, go, boys, when you are called. Go yourself; came the response, to which he replied: I will go if my name is called, I am prepared and not afraid to die. His name was called and he instantly stepped over the parapet and advanced with the skirmishers, firing as they steadily moved toward the waiting line of battle; now in easy range, they received the fire of thirty times their number, and were driven in. Parkes returned without a scratch, while many of the brave boys of that line never returned, but fell victims to some fool officers' unpardonably rash command.

There was no data on which Parke's name could be dropped from the rolls, it was therefore continued in the list "missing in battle," and "prisoners," in every consecutive roll to the final muster—out roll, June 1865, when his name, without the man, went over to the 53rd P. V. in the general list of the transferred men, and was finally dropped by general order, which included absentees and soldiers unaccounted for, to close the book of account with the Government.

Franklin Rosenberry, Chambersburg, Pa. Mustered at Carlisle, Pa. August 28th, 1863; joined the Regiment in camp near Warrenton, Va. October 30th, 1863. Badly wounded and permanently disabled in battle at Spottsylvania, Va. May 12th, 1864. Never returned to the Regiment; discharged May, 1865.

John Roof, Chambersburg, Pa. Mustered at Carlisle, Pa. August 28th, 1863. Joined the company in camp near Warrenon, Va. October 30th, 1863. Badly wounded in battle at Cold Harbor, Va. June 3rd, 1864. Returned to the company December 1864; transferred to the 53rd Regiment P. V. June 1st and discharged with said Regiment June 30th, 1864, in camp near Fort Meyer, Va. (Arlington.)

John H. Randall, Bloomsburg, Pa. Mustered at Williamsport, Pa. October 14th, 1863; joined the company in camp near Brandy Station, Va. November 19th, 1863. Served as clerk, sang songs, and played the fiddle for the amusement of the officers, at Brigade Head Quarters to the end. Transferred to the 53rd Regiment P. V. at Fort Reynolds, Va. June 1st, 1865. Discharged with that Regiment June 30th, 1865.

Josiah Sixes, Chambersburg, Pa. Mustered at Carlisle, Pa. August 29th, 1863; joined Co. A in camp near Warrenton, Va. October 30th, 1863; wounded in battle at Cold Harbor, Va. June 3rd, 1864 and never returned to the company. Transferred by name in absentia to the 53rd Regiment P. V. June 1st, 1865. Discharged from Hospital at Washington, D. C. June 16th, 1865.

David Stombach, Shippensburg, Pa. Mustered at Carlisle, Pa. August 27th, 1863; joined the company in camp near Brandy Station, Va. November 19th, 1863. Was one of the one hundred men of the 148th Regiment P. V. who charged and captured the Confederate Crater Fort, before Petersburg, Va. on the evening of October 27th, 1864. Transferred to the 53rd Regiment P. V. June 1st and discharged with that Regiment June 30th, 1865. Camp near Fort Meyer, Va.

John S. Stevens, Scranton, Pa. Mustered at Sunbury, Pa. August 18th, 1863. He had his hands and feet frozen, and was so generally frost-bitten, during the Mine Run Campaign, November 26th to December 2nd, 1863, that he took sick and died in Camp Hospi-

(Continued on next column.)

CALIFORNIA.

Thirty-three Days' Tour via Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Company has arranged for a special personally-conducted tour through California, to leave New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington on February 16, by the "Golden Gate Special," composed exclusively of Pullman parlor-smoking, dining, drawing-room, sleeping, compartment, and observation cars, returning by March 21. This special train will be run over the entire route. The best hotels will be used where extended stops are made, but the train will be at the constant command of the party. Round-trip tickets covering all necessary expenses, $375 from all points on Pennsylvania Railroad except Pittsburg, from which point the rate will be $370.

For itineraries and futher information apply to ticket agents; C. Studds, Eastern Passenger Agent, 263 Fifth Ave., New York; Hugh Hasson, Jr., Passenger Agent Baltimore District, Baltimore, Md.; B. M. Newbold, Passenger Agent Southeastern District, Washington, D. C.; Thos. E. Watt, Passenger Agent Western District, Pittsburg, Pa.; or address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Philadelphia.

Florida.

The second Jacksonville tour of the season via the Pennsylvania Railroad, allowing two weeks in Florida, leaves New York, Philadelphia, and Washington by special train February 14. Excursion tickets, including railway transportation, Pullman accommodations (one berth,) and meals en route in both directions while traveling on the special train, will be sold at the following rates: New York, $50.00; Buffalo, $54 25; Rochester, $54.00; Elmira, $51 45; Erie, $54 85; Williamsport, $50 00; Wilkesbarre, $50.35; and at proportionate rates from other points.

A similar tour will be run February 28th.

For tickets, itineraries, and full information apply to ticket agents, or address Geo. W. Boyd, General Passenger Agent, Broad Street Station, Philadelphia. 2

[Continued from Previous Column.]

tal, near Brandy Station, Va March 17th, 1864, where he was buried; grave unknown.

Martin Troutman, Sunbury, Pa. Mustered at Sunbury, Pa. August 22, 1863; joined the company in camp near Brandy Station, Va. November 19th, 1863. He was one of the one hundred men of the 148th P. V., who charged and captured the Confederate Crater Fort, before Peteraburg Va. on the evening of October 27th, 1864, where he was taken prisoner and sent to the Confederate Prison Encampment at Salisbury, N. C., where he died and was buried, November 22, 1864; grave unknown.

Augustus B. Whipple, Ulysis, Pa. Mustered at Williamsport, Pa. August 20th, 1863; joined the company in camp near Warrenton, Va. October 30, 1863; wounded in battle at Cold Harbor, Va. June 3rd, 1864. Returned to the company and was one of the one hundred men of the 148th P. V. who charged and captured the Confederate Crater Fort before Petersburg, Va. on the evening of October 27th, 1864. Transferred to the 53rd Regiment P. V. June 1st, and discharged with that Regiment June 30th, 1865, in camp near Fort Meyer, Va.

Jacob J. Webb, Huntingdon, Pa. Mustered at home August 20th, 1863; joined the company near Warrenton, Va. October 30th, 1863; wounded and permanently disabled in battle at Po River, Va. May 10th, 1864; never returned to the company. Transferred by name in absentia, at Fort Reynolds, Va. to the 53rd Regiment P. V. June 1st, 1865; discharged from the hospital at Washington, D. C. June 19th, 1865.

Philip Wile, Chambersburg, Pa. Mustered at Carlisle, Pa. August 29th, 1863; joined the company in camp near Brandy Station, Va. November 19th, 1863; badly wounded in battle at Po River, Va. May 10th, 1864; disabled, and never returned to the company. Transferred by name in absentia, to the 53rd Regiment P. V. at Fort Reynolds, Va. near Washington, D. C. June 1st, 1865. Discharged from hospital at Washington, D. C. June 19th, 1865, by general order war department.

William Wolf, Chambersburg, Pa. Mustered at Carlisle, Pa. August 29th, 1863; joined the company in camp near Brandy Station, Va. November 19th, 1863; wounded in battle at Po River, Va. May 10th, 1864. Returned to the company December, 1864, and remained at the front to the end. Transferred at Fort Reynolds, Va. near Washington, D. C. to the 53rd Regiment P. V. June 1st, 1865, and discharged with that Regiment June 30th, 1865.

TEACHERS' LOCAL INSTITUTE.

There was considerable enthusiasm displayed at the teachers' local institute held in Grange Arcadia, Centre Hall, Friday and Saturday. The attendance was above that of any previous similar institute, and great interest was manifested by the patrons in the topics under discussion.

Friday night's session was opened with a song, followed by prayer by Rev. Daniel Gress.

As indicated on the program, the address of welcome was made by D. K. Keller, Potter township's secretary of the school board, who expressed himself in such emphatic terms that no one d ubted his sincerity or that he misrepresented the sentiments of the people of Centre Hall.

The response to Mr. Keller's hearty welcome was given by Prof. Theodore Rupp, principal of the Boalsburg schools, and if his sentiments were those of his fellow teachers, their presence in Centre Hall was a pleasure to them and they had great anticipation of gaining intellectual profit.

There was a total of forty-two teachers present, not a few of whom were from townships outside the district. It is to be regretted that so many teachers failed to attend the institute, and that others, while they were there in person, took no part whatever in the discussions. The teacher who takes no interest whatever in the local institute can surely not be classed among the progressive in the profession.

Appended are the names of the teachers present, also the locations in which they teach.

BELLEFONTE	HARRIS
David O. Etters	T. F. Rupp
John D. Meyer	W. W. White
BENNER	MILLHEIM
Mabel Brungart	R. L. Emerick
Cora Bathgate	Eva Moyer
CENTRE HALL	PENN
S. W. Gramley	Mary Grove
J. B. Strohm	
Rebecca J. Moyer	POTTER
Helen S. Hosterman	M. Edna Krumrine
COLLEGE	Samuel Goodhart
C. K. Stahl	T. L. Moore
Margaret Mothersbaugh	Earle M. Grove
	J. R. Bible
FERGUSON	J. B. Fortney
W. S. Gerhart	Della Garbrick
Margaret Kelchline	Cora M. Brown
A. L. Bowersox	M. A. Sankey
	Jennie A. Sweetwood
GREGG	H. F. Burkholder
R. U. Bitner	Geo. W. Smith
M. T. Zubler	Mabel Vonada
Theresa Rachau	Alif Stephens
C. E. Royer	
Lutitia L. Goodhart	STATE COLLEGE
Anna E. Grove	Sophia H. Thompson
Mary A. Foreman	Ella Livingstone
	Cordelia Acker

Superintendent C. L. Gramley, Superintendent of the Bellefonte Schools D. O. Etters, Principal of the Bellefonte High School John D. Meyer, took particular interest in the discussion of the various questions on the program and entered into the discussions of the same.

Prof. S. Ward Gramley, principal of the Centre Hall High School, filled the position of chairman in an admirable manner. It was his personal appeal to teachers and others in the audience that induced them to enter into the discussions. Mr. Gramley frequently filled in time by taking up the subject himself, when the floor was clear.

The aim of the Reporter in giving an account of the institute is to give credit to the work of the teachers. The discussions indulged in by others, while full of interest, will not be commented on here.

Those outside of the profession who spoke on various topics were Dr. W. H. Schuyler, Hon. Leonard Rhone, Dr. J. W. Boal, D. K. Keller, Rev. Daniel Gress, Mrs. W. H. Schuyler.

Prof. Theodore Rupp, of Boalsburg, Saturday morning sang a solo that was a delight to the audience. Mrs. S. S. Kreamer acted as organist at all the sessions.

"Co-operation of teacher and parents" was the first subject under discussion. The first speaker was Miss Alif Stephens, teacher of the Centre Hill school. Miss Stephens is a native of Lewisburg, and is a graduate of Bucknell University. She mounted the platform and spoke without notes.

Miss Stephens: All education is extended and co-operative parenthood. The teacher is a vice parent, acting in behalf of the parent. Hence the teacher is doing mother's work.

This involves on the part of the parent,

(1) Confidence in the ability, motives and judgment of the teacher.

(2) Frankness concerning the work, character and faults of the child.

(3) Support of the teacher in the home. Appreciation of the efforts; support of the teacher in the crises of school government.

(4) Sympathy with the teacher because of her many cares; because of the importance of the work; because any other attitude robs the child.

[The teacher may have patience, wisdom and love and yet fail in accomplishing the best results because hindered by the unwise parent.

By making one thoughtless or unkind criticism of the teacher, in the presence of the child, the parent may undo weeks of patient toil by the teacher for the child's good. In proportion as a parent is respected by the child, in that proportion are his words of praise or blame productive of good or ill to the child

For the child's sake then, let parents uphold the teacher, and take interest in, and speak helpful words to and for and of the teacher. If they cannot do this, at least let them refrain from careless criticism of the life and methods of the teacher.]

The teacher should, on the other hand,

(1) Visit the parents and talk with them of her duty to them and their children.

(2) Encourage them to visit the school.

(3) Explain her plans to them if they seem to lack confidence in her.

(4) Be frank in speaking of the work that the child is doing.

By these virtues of parents to teachers and teachers to parents, the value of education could be vastly increased.

Dr. W. H. Schuyler: Where two or more agents work on the same object there must be co-operation to produce satisfactory results. Suppose that in building a house one party digs the cellar, another puts up the wall, another the main superstructure, and still another the window and door frames, the sash and the doors. If these all do not work in harmony and with a mutual understanding, cellar, wall and house may be of different dimensions that cannot possibly be made to fit one to the other, while door and window frames will be found to be either too small or too large for the holes that have been made for them; so the whole will be a failure. Those engaged in building the character of the child are employed in an infinitely more important work requiring much more skill and care. Teacher and parent are two parties thus engaged, hence the greater need of their co-operation.

Sometimes the parents' management of the child is so bad that the teacher will be tempted to reflect on the parents in the presence of the child, and sometimes will have to exercise great skill to avoid showing disrespect for the parents. He should be very careful here, for it is very unfortunate for any child not to hold its parents in the highest esteem. The teacher hence must if possible do nothing to lessen the child's respect for its father or mother.

On the other hand the child will not do well under a teacher that he does not respect and trust. Hence the parent should not do anything or say anything in the child's presence that reflects on the teacher. If the child must remain under the teacher's care, it will be better that he suffer some injustice rather than know that his father or mother does not think well of the teacher. Either sustain the teacher or take your child out of the school.

Such forbearance is not always easy but the tremendous interests at stake require it. The parents and the teacher, in spite of themselves, are exerting influences, for good or for evil, on the child, that continue in ever widening circles without end. That these influences may be good and not evil it is much more than worth all it costs to have a happy and helpful co-operation.

James B. Strohm: The strongest force in the school is the teacher, whose province it is to direct every energy and activity of his pupils in getting knowledge, developing intellectual power, and training to right habits.

Next to teaching is the superintendence of the schools, which is the force determining their efficiency. This supervision devolves almost entirely upon the teacher, but may and should be supplemented by the parents, or patrons of the school. This may be done in a multiplicity of ways, holding up, as it were, the hands of the teacher. Parental interest in the child's progress will prompt the parent to supervise studies in the home, counsel obedience to school regulations, help in promoting habits of promptness and regularity in attendance, and showing sympathy with every effort of the teacher in advancing the good of the child.

The young people quit our public schools at too early an age. We need the co-operation of parents in continuing the children in the schools, until they have completed the prescribed course of studies. Out of these common schools will go a majority of men and women, who are to be the leaders

Continued on Page 8.

SEEDS TOO COMMON.

Senator Lodge says that many of the people of Massachusetts have no use for seeds, but would like watches, and Senator Proctor says the seed distribution is a humbug and a cheap chromo, but that it is impossible to induce Congress to give up the practice of distributing presents at public expense. There is not much use in complaining of "graft" in City Halls and State Capitols when Congress practices it, from the large system of the tariff to the petty system of free garden seeds and the personal graft of mileage for journeys not made, cash commutation for stationery not used, and free quinine pills, hair tonic and boot shines. Until the President and Congress shall give up making something out of public office, school directors and ward leaders "and such small deer" will go on squeezing perquisites out of their positions.

The performances of the airship of Captian Baldwin at Los Angles, Cal., Sunday, a week, taken in connection with its previous ones, indicate that its inventor has made substantial progress toward solving the question of aerial navigation. The airship was in flight about forty-five minutes, during which time it is said to have circled within a radius of one mile, executing all sorts of maneuvers and returning finally and landing at its point of departure. The ship never rose more than 1,500 feet, and all the movements of its operator were plainly visible. According to the account the vessel appeared to move in any direction desired by the operator. If this is an accurate account of the matter, the next decade may see airships taking the place of automobiles as a popular fad.

It is announced that the gold deposits whence the Montezumas and King Solomon derived their supplies of the precious metal have been rediscovered, and the man who says he knows where the Mexican monarchs got the yellow metal declares that plenty of it is left, and that a considerable part of the placer deposits are covered by his claim. Whether King Solomon left much "pay dirt" behind him is less definitely stated. But the world may not yet have reached the end of its great gold deposits. Scarcely any other metal is so widely distributed, and it is not improbable that further large finds may be made.

(Continued from previous column.)

in thought and action, in the state and nation. They are entitled to the best the schools can give in the way of preparation for the work of life. There should be a bond of duty, both parental and civic, which should hold every man and woman, to active, intelligent effort to improve the schools. The citizen who has the best training, demands the best environment. The power that makes the school go is the sentiment which exists in the community in favor of it.

"Will the teacher's new salary law increase the standard of teachers," was a subject that elicited considerable discussion. The first speaker was M. A. Sankey, who spoke on the subject in a general way, and finally concluded by answering the question in the negative. Dr. Schuyler, Hon. Leonard Rhone and S. W. Smith spoke on the subject, their views of the effect of the law widely differing.

"How to create interest in uninteresting things," was the subject on which Prof. W. S. Gerhard, principal of the Pine Grove Mills public schools, spoke in an enthusiastic manner.

Mr. Gerhard: The first thing that attracts our attention is the fact that this subject is in many respects abstract and not concrete. You cannot lay down fixed laws to govern this, any more than you can any other problem which presents itself to the teacher. Some teachers try this method, and the result is complete failure. However there are certain essential principles to be adopted if the teacher would arouse interest in uninteresting things.

The first thing to be noticed is that this involves a thorough study of children. We must first find out in what each individual child is interested. Having found that, encourage it, take an interest in it, and with this as a basis lead the child on to that in which he has shown no interest.

Enthusiasm on the part of the teacher is a necessary quality for one who would arouse interest in uninteresting things. You cannot arouse interest in that in which you are not yourself interested. Sometimes it is necessary to manufacture enthusiasm. Genuine enthusiasm is better, but we as teachers cannot be equally interested in all things, but we must throw the same enthusiasm and interest in all things, whether we feel it or not. We used to have an old Professor at Franklin and

TOWN AND COUNTY NEWS.

HAPPENINGS OF LOCAL INTEREST FROM ALL PARTS.

Big saving in shoes. Yeager & Davis.

Men's leather boots at your own price. Yeager & Davis.

Rev. McIlnay began a series of meetings in the Methodist church.

Artics and warm lined rubbers will be sold cheap. Yeager & Davis.

Miss Alda Sankey and niece, Sarah Odenkirk, of Lewistown, are visiting friends in Centre Hall.

The local telephone company in Union county is just about ready for business. Several hundred 'phones have been installed.

Lumberman A. N. Finkle, of Spring Mills, sold a tract of land at Farmers Mills to William F. Smith, of Millheim, for $300.

Austin Krape and family, who recently moved to Reedsville, were in town last Sunday.

Aaron Lutz killed a yearling steer that dressed three hundred and seventy-eight pounds. Very good for an animal of that age.

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Jerome Auman, east of Centre Hall, and a son to Mr. and Mrs. John Bohn, of near Linden Hall.

Burchard R. Musser, of Altoona, son of R. D. Musser, of Spring Mills, is improving since he underwent an operation for appendicitis.

The greatest sacrifice sale of shoes ever held in Centre county will begin at Yeager & Davis' shoe store, Bellefonte, Thursday, February 16, 1905.

A. C. Alexander, of Egg Hill, has completed arrangements preparatory to locating at Milroy with his family, and superintending the stone quarries.

District Attorney W. G. Runkle has greatly improved his office in Crider's Exchange. New furniture was added and many other improvements made.

E. C. Bell is back to Centre Hall again, after a month's absence in New York. Mr. Bell was called to New York on account of the illness of his wife.

Frank E. Naginey, Bellefonte, has purchased from Joseph Brothers & Co. the building on Allegheny street, in which his store is now located. The price paid was $6,000.

Although the majority of our old friends and neighbors have passed away, writes E. Johnson McClaskey, of Plainfield, Illinois, "we enjoy the local matter in the Reporter very much."

Dr. C. P. Leitzell, of Belvidere, Illinois, writes that Tuesday morning of last week mercury stood twenty-four degrees below zero, and that while there is snow on the fields there is no sleighing.

The reader is asked to look over the advertisement of P. R. Auman, of Spring Mills, painter and paper hanging. Mr. Auman has had large experience in the work, and no doubt will be able to please his patrons.

In last week's issue an error was made in the amount of tax collected from real estate. The figures were $44,937.83, and should have been $44,434,937.80, which sum represents the sum collected as tax on real estate.

Miss Ella Moyer, west of Centre Hall, returned home Saturday morning, from Darragh, Westmoreland county, where she had been visiting several months. Miss Moyer was accompanied to her home by Miss Bertha Condo, who will remain several weeks visiting friends.

Benjamin Musser, of Jewell, Kansas, writes the Reporter that he couldn't be happy without reading it. He refers to the sheet as "excellent" and says it "always arrives on time." Mr. Musser is president of the Citizen's State Bank, at Jewell, Kansas, which institution is capitalized at $25,000.

Edward F. Foreman is making preparations to move to Youngstown, Ohio. Mr. Foreman did live in that city within the past few years, but sickness in the family discouraged them. They will soon return and try city life again, Mr. Foreman has employment with Helier Brothers, as a draughtsman.

"The Arena" has by a single bound regained its old place among the foremost reviews of the New World. The typographical make-up and artistic features of the magazine are incomparably better than ever before in its history. The introduction of a number of large portraits printed in sepia ink on India-tint paper constitutes a striking art feature that is adding greatly to its popularity.

Remember everything will be reduced. Yeager & Davis.

Come to our coming out sale, it will pay you. Yeager & Davis.

STRANGE TRAIN WRECK

The Locomotive on Other Track Blew Up.

ENGINEER AND FIREMAN KILLED.

All the Passengers Injured Were on the Eastbound Train—Cars Blown From the Track—Among Those Who Were Injured Was Justice Hooker, of the Supreme Court of New York.

Utica, N. Y. (Special).—Two trainmen lost their lives and a score or more of passengers were injured in a wreck on the New York Central Railroad at Whitesboro, three miles west of here. None of the injured was dangerously hurt, their wounds being mainly cuts and bruises.

The dead are John Allen, engineer, and John Brennen, fireman, of the locomotive on the Western express.

As this train was passing the Buffalo special eastbound the boiler of the locomotive of the westbound train exploded. The force of the explosion and the upheavel of the engine threw the entire train of 13 cars composing the "special" from the rails as if it had been a string of toy coaches. The rear Pullmans toppel into a ditch on the side of the track, but the forward cars were hurled into an adjoining field at distances varying from 10 to 40 feet. Several flew from the supporting trucks and wheels and plowed deep into snow banks, their ends being demolished by the impact.

The westbound train did not leave the track. The knowledge that an accident had happened came to the sleeping passengers on this train when the cars stopped with suddenness and a shock which threw the occupants of the berths backward with great force, in some cases tossing them out on the floor. When the extent of the disaster to the eastbound train became known to the rescuers they expected to find many dead and injured.

An hour or more was devoted to extricating passengers from the interior of the sleeping cars, but while many were found to be cut and bruised, no one was dead. The work of reaching the passengers was carried on in a freezing atmosphere which benumbed the feet and hands, and which caused great distress to such of the rescuers as had responded only partially clothed. The roar of the explosion awakened nearby residents, who assisted in relieving the imprisoned passengers. Sleighs were procured, and several of the injured were taken to the Whitesboro Sanitarium.

Among the injured was State Supreme Court Justice Warren B. Hooker, of Fredonia. He was severely bruised. He said that he had been thrown with great force from his berth, and found himself lying across the woodwork of the opposite compartment. Not until assistance came was the Judge able to leave the car, which was resting on its right side, with its rear end splintered.

Justice Hooker was taken to Buffalo and subjected to a thorough examination at the railroad station by Dr. James M. Putnam. Afterward Dr. Putnam said that, while he believed that Judge Hooker's recovery was certain, the Judge was seriously hurt and was suffering much pain. His injuries, which were exclusively internal, the Doctor said, would confine the patient to his bed for several weeks, and he may suffer considerably longer from the effect of his injuries.

From the fact that Fireman Brennan was instantly killed and Engineer Allen lived but a few minutes the cause of the explosion probably never will be known. Both men lived at Albany.

The strangest feature of the accident as it appeared to an onlooker was that the boiler of the westbound locomotive was resting midway between the rails of the eastbound track at a point where the Eastern train had passed. This suggested the theory to trainmen that the boiler had struck the second car of the eastbound train as it rushed by at the rate of 50 miles an hour, the blow causing all the following cars to be hurled from the track.

Most of the people who were injured were in the sleeping car on the eastbound train that was opposite the engine of the westbound train at the instant of the explosion. This car was lifted from the track and hurled about 50 feet away, and is said to have turned over several times in the flight. It was so badly wrecked that its occupants could not be gotten out for for an hour after the accident.

The total damage arising from the wreck in property loss is estimated at about $60,000.

Woman Killed in Fire.

Buffalo, N. Y., (Special).—Fire destroyed a part of the Ingleside Home for Women. In a panic among the 50 inmates of the place one woman was killed and four were seriously hurt.

The fire was discovered while the women were preparing for supper. Most of whom were on the second and third floors of the building and they became panic-stricken as the smoke rapidly filled the halls.

Thief Killed By Sentry.

New York (Special).—James Sebery, one of four men caught in the act of robbing the Brooklyn Navy Yard, was shot and instantly killed by Private Laurence T. Milton, a sentry. Sebery's three companions escaped. Milton came upon the four men before daybreak while they were slinking along the yard, carrying a large piece of copper pipe. When he ordered them to halt they dropped the pipe and ran. One of four shots fired by the sentry brought Sebery down.

A Terrific Explosion.

Montpelier, Ind. (Special).—By the explosion of 2,250 quarts of nitroglycerin in one of the magazines of the American Glycerine Company, three miles north of here, two of the company's employes were seriously injured, but probably will recover. A hole 30 feet deep was torn in the ground. Several farmhouses within a radius of two miles were slightly damaged. Trees 500 feet away were uprooted and stripped. The explosion was heard distinctly at Ohio City, 50 miles away.

NEWS IN SHORT ORDER.

The Latest Happenings Condensed for Rapid Reading.

Domestic.

Dr. Augusta Smith, aged 73, one of the most widely known women physicians in the United States, died at her home, in St. Louis, Mo., as the result of being struck by a street car.

The home of Charles Otts and family, in Canastota, N. Y., was destroyed by fire and three young children were burned to death. Mrs. Otis was probably fatally burned.

George F. Krochl, president, and Albert C. Twining were acquitted in Trenton, N. J., of the charge of misapplying the funds of the First National Bank of Asbury, N. J.

Albert G. Wheeler, president of the Illinois Tunnel Company, and several city officials of Chicago were indicted for forgery in connection with the corporation's franchise.

George H. Wood was held in New York on suspicion of being the murderer of George Williams, the grocer, of Watchung, N. J., who was found dead in his sleigh.

Walter Packwood, Fred Smith and Fred Weaver, who had been operating at Billingham, Wash., for two years, were arrested for counterfeiting.

J. F. Barrett, who conducted a turf investment scheme in New Orleans, was arrested in Chicago on the charge of using the mails to defraud.

Nine persons were injured in a wreck near Plattsburg, N. Y. The collision was due to the fact that a switch had been left open.

The reprieve of Mrs. Mary Rogers by the Governor of Vermont has brought letters and telegrams from all over the country to Governor Pennypacker, of Pennsylvania, asking him to reprieve Mrs. Edwards.

A presentment made by the Philadelphia Grand Jury charges that organized vice exists in that city and that the responsibility rests upon the Director of Public Safety and other high police officials.

Mrs. Chadwick refused to sign a petition to Governor Pennypacker, of Pennsylvania, to commute the sentence of Kate Edwards, senteneed to hang for the murder of her husband.

Johann Hoch, held in New York for the Chicago authorities, was identified by Mrs. Mary Hendricks, of Chicago, as the man who married her January 2, 1904, in Hammond, Ind.

The lower house of the Texas legislature has passed the Senate bill forcing persons giving ground for action in divorce cases to remain single for three years.

William H. Hunt, a Chicago banker, is held in New York, without bail, on a charge of embezzlement to await extradition papers from Illinois.

Dr. Darlington, president of the New York Health Board, announces that every physician in the department is followed by a detective.

A wild runaway of a New York fire-engine was stopped by the prompt, cool action of the engineer, who there saved the driver's life.

George Williams, a young grocer, of Watchung, N. J., was mysteriously murdered in his sleigh by a stranger.

The committee of the New York Chamber of Commerce, composed largely of railroad men, declared itself opposed to the proposition to allow the Interstate Commerce Commission to fix rates.

A buggy containing Charles Young and his wife was struck near Fremont, O., by a rapidly moving trolley car on the Lake Shore Electric Road and both probably fatally injured.

Mrs. S. R. Rowley died in Hornellsville, N. Y., from injuries received while in a sleigh that collided with a train. She was the eleventh victim of the casualty.

There was a wild rush of depositors on the Lancaster (Pa.) Trust Company, which met all demands and declared it was as solid as Gibraltar.

Frank Muncula, a member of the Mafia of Carbondale, Pa., pleaded guilty and was sentenced to four years and nine months' imprisonment.

The employes of the Subway and the elevated roads in New York threaten to strike unless their demands are conceded.

Foreign.

With the close of testimony before the international commission into the North Sea incident, there is a diminution of confidence in British circles, and the French newspapers intimate that the Russians have virtually won their case.

The French Minister of Agriculture has laid before the Chamber of Deputies a bill similar to the American Homestead Law, which it is hoped will stop the French rural populations from migrating to the cities.

In view of the recent victory of the Hungarian Independence party, Emperor Francis Joseph has invited Franz Kossuth, son of the Emperor's most bitter enemy, to meet him for a conference.

A London report that Emperor William considers it opportune for Great Britain and Germany to join in an effort for peace in the Far East is not credited in Berlin.

Demonstrations in sympathy with the Russian strike victims, and especially for the liberation of Maxim Gorky, the author, continue to be held throughout Italy.

Joseph Price, formerly vice president of the Grand Trunk Railroad, and formerly connected with railroads in the United States, died in London of paralysis.

The British Foreign Secretary has definitely proposed to the European powers the appointment of a Christian governor general of Macedonia.

Maxim Gorky and seven other Russian authors and publicists are to be tried on political charges, but General Trepoff says not in connection with any reported discovery of documents implicating men who were to have comprised a provisional government.

President Castro has not yet returned to Caracas from his tour of the country. No progress has been made in the settlement of American claims.

Prince Ghica of Roumania, who has been elected chairman of the Albanian Independence Committee, says he will start a general revolution in Albania.

WOUNDED FOUND FROZEN

Aggregate Losses in the Recent Fighting 20,000.

JAPANESE CASUALTIES SAID TO BE 7,000

Four Regiments of Russian Infantry Nearly Annihilated—Some Companies Reduced to Twenty or Thirty Men—Frozen Corpses of Wounded Japanese Found Near the Chenhatin Pass.

The latest reports of the casualties in the recent three days' fighting in the vicinity of the Shakhe and Hun Rivers say that 13,000 Russians and 7,000 Japanese were killed and wounded. Four regiments of Russian infantry were nearly annihilated.

Russians report the finding of a hundred frozen corpses of Japanese wounded who perished from cold near Chenhotin Pass. The Japanese battalions which attacked the Russians' left were repulsed with heavy loss.

The artillery duel continues at the Russian center.

Attack on Russian Left Repulsed.

Mukden (By Cable).—After the Russian bombardment of Sandepas the Japanese tried to drive them off, but failed. The indications are that the Japanese will abandon Sandepas.

The usual artillery duel is proceeding at the center.

The latest returns of the Russian losses during the recent fighting show that 13,000 men were killed or wounded, General Kondratsvitch being among the latter.

The Japanese offensive in the neighborhood of Dziantchan, 14 miles southeast of Tsinkhetchen, has everywhere been beaten off. The Japanese left their killed and carried off a couple of hundred wounded.

The Russians subsequently found a hundred frozen corpses of Japanese wounded who had tried to crawl off from Chenhatin Pass. The appearance of these corpses was frightful. The bodies were scantily clad.

Swept Away By Japanese Fire.

Washington, D. C. (Special).—The Japanese Legation has received a report made by Field Marshal Oyama giving the details of the fierce fighting from the 25th of to the 29th of January, when the Russians were driven to the right of the Hun River.

The Marshal says that the enemy consisted of the First Siberian Army Corps, one mixed army corps, the Second and Fifth Brigades of the sharpshooters, part of the Eighth Army Corps, the Sixth and First Siberian Reserve Divisions, some chasseurs, etc., making a total of at least seven divisions, one of which was a cavalry division. The Japanese casualties were about 7,000.

Prisoners state that four regiments of Russian infantry were nearly annihilated. Many of the companies of these regiments were reduced to from 200 to 30 men each. The Field Marshal expresses the opinion that the casualties must have totaled at least 10,000.

Russians Must Retire or Advance.

St. Petersburg (By Cable).—Interest in the ill-starred attempt to capture Sandepas is eclipsed by the withdrawal of General Gripenberg and unconfirmed reports regarding the retirement of General Kuropatkin.

According to the latest information received by the War Office, operations on the right flank of the Russian Army are at a standstill. The extreme right of the Russians continues to hold Chiantsanhenan, on the Hun River, six miles northwest of Sandepas. Apparently both sides are unable to move, owing to the terrible weather. There are 25 degrees of frost, accompanied by wind; but, in view of the sudden fluctuations in temperature at this time of the year, the frost may suddenly decrease, and the Russians would then be confronted with the alternative of withdrawing in order to avoid being intercepted by a Japanese column from Shilikhe, or of undertaking a general advance. The latter view finds some confirmation in a dispatch to the Associated Press from Tsinkhetchen, reporting a reconnaissance by General Rennenkampff's force on the Russian left, which perhaps is preliminary to an advance. The military authorities here are encouraged by the report as showing that the Russians are able to repeat the plan of reaching the enemy's line of communication.

FARMERS CENSURE HEPBURN.

Congressman Hanged in Effigy Near His Iowa Home.

Des Moines, Iowa (Special).—News has reached here that the Farmers' Alliance of Cass County, Iowa, hanged Congressman Peter Hepburn, of the Eighth Iowa district, in effigy at Cumberland.

The farmers had a big meeting and the railroad problem was one of the principal questions under discussion. Congressman Hepburn was severely censured for the bill he has introduced and his attitude toward the railways. The next morning an effigy, bearing the name "Pete Hepburn," was found hanging from a telephone pole near the hall.

A number of farmers' associations in Iowa have censured Congressman Hepburn severely for his attitude on the railway question, asserting that the bill he recently introduced was drafted by J. W. Blythe, general counsel of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy Railway Company.

Family Perish in Fire.

Johnstown, N. Y. (Special).—The family of Jay Antis, consisting of Antis and his wife and two grown-up daughters, are supposed to have perished in a fire which destroyed their home in this city. The house was completely enveloped in flames when neighbors discovered the fire, and owing to the density of the smoke, all efforts to gain admission to the burning structure were futile. Antis and his wife and daughters were known to have been at home, and no traces of them have been found.

LIVE WASHINGTON AFFAIRS.

Seed Distribution Under Fire.

The Senate spent much of a day discussing the distribution of ordinary farm and garden seeds by the Agricultural Department, the Agricultural Appropriation Bill being under consideration. An attack on the seed-distribution custom was made by Mr. Lodge. He and those who stood with him contended that the seeds were of the common varieties to be bought of dealers everywhere, and urged that only rare varieties should be supplied free. Their opponents contended that much good was accomplished by the work of the department. Mr. Pettus, the venerable Alabama senator, stood with the latter class and appealed to his fellow-"youthful" senators not to forget the days when they enjoyed the violets that grew in the flowerbox on the front porch. The bill was not completed.

Mr. Proctor announced his personal opposition to the distribution of common seeds, but said he had found it impossible to get the committee to strike it out. "It is a humbug," he said; "a cheap chromo, but one that we can't get rid of."

Mr. Gorman, criticising the increases in appropriations, said $50,000,000 could be saved by a return to the old system, when the appropriations committee considered all bills.

For the Jamestown Fair.

The House Committee on Industrial Arts and Expositions authorized, by a vote of 7 to 4, a favorable report on the bill prepared by a subcommittee for the holding of an international naval, marine and military exposition at Jamestown, Va., in 1907. The amounts of the appropriation to be hereafter made, if the bill passes, were not named.

The bill contemplates the appointment of a national commission of five by the President. Foreign nations are to be invited to participate in the military and naval features. A second feature of the plan is Government participation in the land exhibit and the construction of either permanent or temporary buildings for this purpose, in the discretion of the President.

Secretary Shaw informed the committee that the estimates for these purposes would be prepared and furnished as soon as possible. The date of exposition was fixed from May 17 to November 1, 1907.

Sea-Level Canal in 1905.

In view of the lack of public information as to the status of the work of canal digging on the Isthmus and as to the exact amount of work executed so far by the Americans since they took up the task, the American Minister to Panama has, after consultation with Chief Engineer Wallace and a personal inspection of the route of the proposed canal, submitted to the State Department a report upon this subject. The most important statement in the report is this:

"If the next six months show a progress corresponding to that of the past six, it is the conviction of the best engineers on the Isthmus that a sea-level canal can be constructed in 10 years and be ready for large vessels by January 1, 1915."

Disease on the Isthmus.

Secretary Taft received a report from Governor Davis, of the Panama Canal zone stating that reports of health conditions on the Isthmus are "cruelly exaggerated," and that the sanitation of Panama is progressing an efficiently as that of any city in the United States.

General Davis says that the total number of yellow fever cases originating in the zone since the Americans assumed control is 32, of which nine were fatal and six are convalescing. He says that in the opinion of Colonel Gorgas, chief sanitary officer, the material and appliances for controlling the yellow fever situation have been sufficient for all requirements.

Advocates Whipping-Post.

"Every married man who does not support this bill in Congress lays himself open to suspicion." This was the statement of Representative Adams (Pennsylvania) before the House Committee on the District of Columbia, in advocacy of his bill establishing a whipping post in the District jail for wife-beaters. Mr. Adams said that three years ago, when this subject was first brought to his attention, he was inclined to treat it with levity. Since then he has made the matter a subject of careful and conscientious study, and is thoroughly in earnest. He did not give statistics regarding wife-beating, but asserted that a jail sentence made no impression on a wife-beater.

Darling Gives Up His Place.

Charles W. Darling, assistant secretary of the navy, tendered his resignation to the President, asking that it take effect near the expiration of his four years' term of service, which expires in December, 1905. The President stated in a letter to Mr. Darling that when his resignation took effect it was his purpose to appoint him collector of the port at Burlington, Vt.

Goodnow to Retire.

It is understood that Consul-General Goodnow, who is now in this city, has decided to retire from his office as Consul-General at Shanghai and a change in the post will be announced next week. It is stated charges had been preferred against Mr. Goodnow.

Hawley to Be a Brigadier.

Senator Platt (Ct.) introduced a bill authorizing the retirement of Gen. Joseph R. Hawley, the retiring senator from Connecticut as a brigadier general.

Notes of the Departments.

George B. Robbins, president of the Armour car lines, explained his company's side of the controversy before the House Interstate Commerse Committee, denying all charges of unfairness made.

President Roosevelt has written a letter to Secretary Hitchcock on the subject of granting contracts for the education of Indians to denominational schools.

Secretary Taft was heard by the House Committee on Ways and Means in favor of a revision of the Philippine tariff.

TEN KILLED IN A SLEIGH

Passenger Train Crashes Into a Merry Party.

THEY WERE ALL MARRIED WOMEN.

Thirteen Members of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Universalist Church of Hornellsville Were Returning Home in a Sleigh When a Passenger Train, Going at High Speed, Struck Them and Everyone in Sleigh Injured.

Hornellsville, N. Y. (Special).—A passenger train on the Pittsburg, Shawmut and Northern Railroad crashed into a sleigh containing 13 women, killing 7 of them outright and so seriously injuring the remaining 6 that 3 of them died after being removed to the hospital. Of the other 3, 2 are in a serious condition. The accident occurred near Arkport. The sleigh was one of three carrying a party from the Universalist church of this city.

Members of the Ladies' Aid Society of the Universalist Church went to a farmhouse near Arkport to spend the afternoon. It was nearly night when they started on the return trip to the city. The occupants of the leading sleigh saw the train approaching as they neared the Shawmut crossing.

The driver urged his horses ahead and the sleigh passed over the tracks in safety. The women in the first sleigh then attempted to warn those in the one following of the danger, and they did succeed in directing their attention to the rapidly approaching train.

The driver pulled up his horses, but he could not check the heavy bob sled quickly enough, and when it came to a standstill the box of the sleigh was directly across the railroad track. The pilot of the engine struck the sleigh with great force, reducing it to splinters and hurling the women in all directions. Every woman in the sleigh was killed or injured.

The other members of the party hurried back to the assistance of their unfortunate companions and the train was stopped and backed up to the crossing.

The bodies of the dead were placed upon the train and the injured were laid upon improvised cots in the baggage car. The train then proceeded to Hornellsville. The news of the accident had been telephoned to the city and hundreds of friends and relatives of the unfortunate women were waiting at the station. The dead were at once taken to the morgue and the injured were placed in ambulances and taken to the Mercy Hospital.

Elisha Quick, driver of the second sleigh, was badly hurt, but was able to make the following statement:

"I was driving along at a sharp canter, when I suddenly saw the flash of the headlight and heard the ladies in the front sleigh call out not to attempt to cross. The women in my sleigh saw the train at the same time, and, realizing their peril, began to scream and shriek for help. Their cries and the glare of the light so frightened the horses that I was unable to stop them, and they sprang upon the track. They succeeded in clearing it, but just as the sleigh was half way across the engine struck us with a terrible crash, and I remember nothing more until I found myself being picked up out of the snow. I simply could not control my horses."

STEEL TRUST EARNED MORE.

Last Quarter Showed Increase—Dividend on Preferred Stock.

New York (Special).—A regular quarterly dividend of 1¾ per cent. on the company's preferred stock was declared by the directors of the United States Steel Corporation. No dividend was declared on the common stock.

A report was issued showing that net earnings for the quarter ended December 31 were $21,458,734, an increase of $6,421,533, as compared with the same quarter a year ago.

The unfilled orders on hand December 31 last were 4,666,203 tons, an increase of 1,481,080 tons, as compared wih unfilled orders on December 31, 1903.

Net earnings for 1904, subject to slight changes, aggregate $72,932,277, a decrease of $36,238,875, as compared with 1903.

THE BANDIT LADRONES.

Troops Will Remain In Cavite Until All Are Captured.

Manila (By Cable).—Governor General Wright, accompanied by the native members of the Philippine Commission, visited Cavite, capital of the Province of Cavite, and held a conference with all the presidents of the province. After the conference the Governor General announced that the federal troops would remain in the disturbed area until all the bandit ladrones had been captured.

The trial of Major Carrington, who commanded the Philippine scouts sent to the St. Louis Exposition, but who was ordered back to answer charges of falsifying vouchers of the civil government to the amount of $1,500, will be finished by the military court-martial without regard to the decision of the civil court.

Train Crashes Into Car.

Grand Rapids, Mich. (Special).—Six persons were injured, four probably fatally, when a Grand Rapids and Indiana northbound passenger train crashed into a street car on the West Leonard street crossing. The street car was tossed 50 feet.

Snt Adder to Actress.

Munich, Bavaria (By Cable).—Fraulein Reubke, of the Court Theater, who is playing the juvenile lead in Hauptmann's "Bergschmiede," found on her dressing table a beautiful bonbon box with a note requesting her to open the box before going on the stage. The actress was too much occupied to do so until just before the last act. When she opened the box an adder darted out and fastened its fangs in her dress.

RUSSIAN REFORM SCHEME.

Report of the Committee of the Ministers—Plans Proposed.

London (By Cable).—A dispatch to a news agency from St. Petersburg says the report of the committee of ministers appointed to devise the best means of giving effect to the Emperor's reform ukase of December 25 makes many important recommendations, especially in regard to increasing the powers of the Senate over the ministers and safeguarding its independence, urges that the right already belonging to the Senate of legislative initiative should be enlarged and favors the establishment of lower administrative tribunals connected with the Senate.

The committee of ministers distinguished three fundamental points as bases for defense of the laws:

First—Prevention of violation of laws.

Second—Investigation of the powers and methods of action of those responsible for the administration of the laws.

Third—Responsibility of officials.

As regard the first point, the committee decided that it was necessary to prevent ministers exceeding their legal powers by means of imperial ordinances, and that consequently all exceptions to the ordinary course of laws must be forbidden, and that in exceptional cases, where the Emperor has ordered ministers to deliberate concerning changes, the decisions of the committee must first be submitted to the Senate.

The committee decided to ask the consent of the Emperor for the issue of an interpretation of existing laws and other points affecting the methodical carrying out of existing laws. The committee also agreed upon the necessity of independence of the Senate, as opposed to all ministers and the internal reorganization of the Senate.

In order to accelerate the course of justice in administration of affairs it was decided to be advisable to facilitate access to the Senate by persons who have suffered from the arbitrary acts of administrative bodies, and also to afford the right of direct relations between the Senate and the Emperor and the extension of the Senate's existing right of legislative initiative.

DEATH WARRANT READ.

Neither That or Reprieve Excited Mrs. Rogers.

Windsor, Vt. (Special).—Mrs. Mary M. Rogers, who was to have been hanged here Friday for the murder of her husband, but was reprieved by Governor Bell, had her own death warrant read to her. The document recited the crime and gave directions regarding the hanging.

H. I. Walters, private secretary of the Governor, arrived with the reprieve. He was met by Sheriff Peck, and later went with him to the penitentiary.

Mrs. Rogers was called to her cell door by the guard, and the death warrant was read, after which the reprieve was read. She merely thanked Sheriff Peck and again declared that Governor Bell was a good man. She did not seem unduly affected.

"She is a fine-looking woman; it would have broken my heart to hang her," was the first thing Sheriff Peck, the indefatigable defender of womanhood, said after reading the official reprieve to Mary Rogers in her death cell. It was the first time he had ever seen her.

Sheriff Peck is a widower, and has already received several offers of marriage. If what his friends say is true, he received a letter from a rich Vermont widow offering him her heart and hand and home.

When he received the reprieve from Governor Bell over the telephone the Sheriff jumped up and down like a boy. He hurried to the prison and told the news to Mrs. Rogers in her cell. After he had told her the good news he returned to his room at the Windsor Hotel and had Deputy Love bring out the rope and the black shroud. He held them up before him and smiled cynically. He exclaimed:

"You are cheated out of a hideous crime. A hangman's noose and a gibbet shroud for a woman—that belongs to the Dark Ages and not to modern civilization."

Mrs. Oakes, the superintendent's wife, was so overjoyed that she was able to get out of a sick bed and entertain some of her neighbors for lunch. The matron, Miss Nurky, was made happy and, with Warden Harpin, she visited the cell of the reprieved woman and shook her hand.

Sooner or later Mrs. Rogers hopes to be able to write a book on her sad experiences, a sort of message to the young women of America. She has already outlined her ambitions and desires to make some restitution for her misspent life in helping others.

The book will be addressed to girls. It will teach the inconstancy of man. It will review the temptation of young lives and the recklessness of marriage.

Governor Bell's reprieve of Mrs. Mary M. Rogers will probably result as follows:

The Supreme Court of Vermont will probably, in May, hear her counsel's application for a new trial on the new evidence—the confession of Perham, now serving a life sentence—that he perjured himself at the previous trial. If the court grants a new trial, it may be necessary for Governor Bell to grant a further reprieve, unless such trial can be finished before June 2. If at the trial she is acquitted that will end the matter. If the Supreme Court refuses to grant a new trial then, unless Governor Bell extends the time of the reprieve, Mrs. Rogers must hang on Friday, June 2.

FINANCIAL.

Mexican Central's net profits in December increased $123,048.

Morgan and his friends are openly bullish on nearly all good stocks.

It is officially denied that President Ramsey, of the Wabash, is to resign.

Bethlehem Steel will spend $5,000,000 on improvements, says President McIlvain.

"No increase in Baltimore & Ohio's dividend," says a leading railroader who ought to know.

THE ISLAND.

You, my friend, in your long-tailed coat,
With your white cravat at your withered throat,
Praying by proxy of him you hire,
Worshiping God with a quartet choir,
Bumping your head on the pew in front,
Assenting "Amen!" with an unctuous grunt,
Are you sure it is you
In the pew?

Look!
You're away on a lonely isle,
Where the scant breech-clout is the only style,
Where the day of the week forgets its name,
Where god and devil are all the same.
Look at yourself in your careless clout,
And tell me, then, would you be dev—

One on the island, one in the pew.
How do you know which is you?

You, dear maiden, with eyes askance
At the little soubrette and her daring dance,
Thanking God that His ways are wide
To allow you to pass on the other side,
You, as you ask, Will the world approve
At the hint of a wabble out of the groove?

Look!
On that isle of the lonely sea,
Art you, the saucy soubrette and he.
And the little grooves that you circle in
Are forever as though they never had been.
Now you are naked of soul and limb:
Will you say what you will not dare—for him?

Which of the women is real?
The one you suppress, or the one you feel?

You, good sir, with your neck a-stretch,
As the van goes by with the prison wretch,
Asking naught of his ills or hurts,
Judging "he's getting his just deserts,"
Pluming yourself that the moral laws
Are centred in you as effect and cause.

Look!
At the island, and there you are
With the long, strong arm which reaches far,
And there are the natives who kneel and bow,
And where are your meum and teum now?
Are you sure that the balance swings quite true?
Or does it a little incline to you?

I have an island, too, and so
Answer, or not, but I know—I know.
—Edmund Vance Cooke, in Philadelphia Saturday Evening Post.

CUPID AND CONSERVATORIES.

THEY had somehow become separated from the rest of the guests, and found themselves alone in the conservatory.

"How fortunate it is," she said, "that there are conservatories."

"Yes," he replied, "I have a weakness for flowers of nearly all kinds."

"I wasn't thinking of the flowers particularly, although they are lovely, and help so much to brighten the world. But what would the story writers do if nobody had ever invented conservatories? Where would the lovers in the stories ever have a chance to get by themselves, and talk about it if no such things as a conservatory had ever been made?"

"Well, it would be rather difficult for the authors, I admit. Of course, the loving couples could go out in boats or automobiles if the stories dealt with things that happened in the summer time, but for tales of the winter season they'd have to steal into the libraries or get into dark corners on the stairways, I suppose."

"Yes," she admitted, "there would, of course, be a chance to use the stairs and libraries, but I'm glad there are conservatories. It has always seemed to me that a conservatory is such a natural place for lovers to stray away to."

They were standing behind a big cactus that towered high above their heads. She had thrown something light and gauzy over her white, graceful shoulders, and, as she half turned to look up at him, the moon, shining through the glass roof, cast its rays upon her face.

"The queerest spot I ever heard of for a man to select as the place in which he wished to propose," he said, "was a coal mine. One of my college friends, while being shown through a mine in Pennsylvania by the daughter of the president of the company, asked her when they were nearly 200 feet underground."

"What did she say?"

"I suppose she must have said yes. I was at their wedding."

"How romantic! But do you think he took her down there just to propose to her?"

"They never told me all the facts in the case, but it would have been just like him. He was always doing queer things."

"I don't believe I should want to be taken down in a mine to be asked to be somebody's wife. I've always had such a creepy feeling about mines. I'd never expect to get out again if I went into one."

"I know another man," he continued, "who proposed to a girl up on the highest point of one of the Alps."

"B-r-r-r," she exclaimed, with a shiver. "Think of going away over to Europe and climbing an Alp to tell your love. I should, if I were a man, prefer a nice, comfortable conservatory."

He looked down at her for a moment, and, as he was not blind, there was one thing that probably impressed itself very forcibly upon him. That was her beauty—for she was passing fair to look upon.

The leaves of the big cactus spread out so that the two were so thoroughly hidden from anyone who might have looked in as if they had taken refuge behind a haystack. Bits of music floated in, and they knew that the rest of the people were dancing again. But it was No. 8, and his name was on her program for that one, so there was no reason why they should hurry back to the ballroom if they preferred the conservatory.

"I don't know," he said. "There would not be much danger of eavesdroppers on top of an Alp."

"Oh, well, if one were afraid of eavesdroppers," she replied, "a path could be shoveled through the snow out into a field somewhere. If I were a man and loved a girl well enough to want her to by my wife I wouldn't care who might be lurking around to hear when I asked her."

"Why do you keep saying what you would do if you were a man? No girl could possibly have any idea what she would do if she were a man—any more than a man can tell offhand what he'd do if he were a girl."

"I know very well that I should never hunt for a better place than a conservatory in which to confess my love, anyway."

"Is there any particular kind of conservatory that you would select?"

"Any kind would do, I think; but such a one as this would be especially fine. How sweet the flowers smell, and how glorious the moonlight is! I never realized before how lovely a place a conservatory could be. No wonder the story writers so often have the men lead the girls into conservatories to confess their love. How could a girl refuse to listen if she stood with him behind a big cactus—as we are standing now? It seems as though Cupid himself must be peeping through that cluster of roses."

He glanced hastily toward the entrance. They could still hear the music, and turning suddenly he caught her, lovely and radiant, in his arms.—Chicago Record-Herald.

The Habit of Saving.

Individuals who save and accumulate sums of money for lucrative investment are individuals who form the habit of saving.

To be prodigal of your resources is natural. It is a survival of the primal nature. Saving is an acquired trait. It is necessary, therefore, to form habits that are conducive to economy. Many men and women who work for wages or salaries find it difficult to save, unless some circumstance forces them to it. The fact that this indulgence only means a dollar or a dime, as the case may be, is regarded as a sufficient excuse to spend the money. It will take long to acquire a fortune by laying up the odd pieces of change. Yet many great institutions derive their entire patronage from dimes, nickels and even pennies. The habit of saving means the saving of the little denominations. It is to curb the inclination to spend money simply because the denomination is insignificant. Any one can save the dollars, big bills and gold pieces.

That the prodigal side of man is understood is found in the devices for catching the pennies and the dimes. To offset this and to encourage him to lay by a portion of his earnings, savings banks and the monthly payment plan for real estate, property assurance, etc., are in existence. Our wealth is our property. In the possession of property is centred our material well-being, our prosperity. The habit of saving, if persisted in, will make all men possessors of property. The value of that property and the measure of our well-being will depend upon the amount of our accumulations and the measure of our desires. A thrifty people is a contented people. Improvidence results in want and suffering. Habits of saving will contribute to individual happiness and to general prosperity in proportion as the habit of saving, thriftiness, becomes a habit common to all the people.—Seattle Post-Intelligencer.

The Art of Letter-Writing.

The agitation which, according to a daily contemporary, is going on just now in France on the matter of how to wind up a letter in a suitable manner, is not the first that that subject has started. The illogical nature of the ordinary letter has a way of irritating the public periodically, and various well-meant suggestions are made for its reform. Every body has heard of the man who began his letter, "Dear Sir, you're a liar." Through long use the "dear" has ceased to annoy people. They write it unconsciously, and to begin with a mere "Sir" seems most icily formal. The fact that lies at the root of the matter is that one must begin a letter somehow, and it is too late to start a reform. There are people who open with the word "Greeting!" but these are not numerous; and "Greeting is a good deal more effusive and out of place than "Dear Sir." The question in France, however, is, it seems, not how to begin, but how to end an epistle. The French are revolting against the over-flowery type, of which "Accept the assurance of my most distinguished sentiments, and believe me your very humble and obedient servant" is the best example. This is, as our contemporary points out, long and abject. If we are to retain our manly self-respect we must be more curt. Perhaps the best way of all is to use a postcard. Nobody can be fulsome on a postcard. Even a picture postcard!—London Globe.

Missouri Youth's Dilemma.

A young man in Platt County is in a quandary. He lives on a farm, but has been courting a girl in town. Finally he asked her to marry him. She seemed willing, but said she could never live on a farm. He then proposed moving to town and engaging in some other business, and she said if he was fool enough to do that she wouldn't have him. He is still figuring. —Smithville (Mo.) Herald.

Antiquity of Pins.

Pins have been found among the Egyptian mummies and in the prehistoric caves of Switzerland.

CAULIFLOWER FRITTERS.

Have cauliflower boiled, but still in shape. Cut into neat pieces, dip into batter and then drop into boiling fat. Serve very hot.

BROILED EGG PLANT.

Peel the egg plant, cut in half-inch slices, dip each slice in oil, dust with salt and broil over a clear fire. Just a suspicion of chopped green pepper sprinkled over the broiled egg plant may prove to make it more attractive.

ITALIAN SOUP.

Cut a raw chicken into small pieces till you have about a pint of the meat; add to it half the quantity of raw ham; a chopped green pepper, a slice of onion and three pints of white stock. Put in a tablespoonful of rice and let cook for two hours. When taking up, scatter Parmesan cheese over it.

CURRIED PIGEON.

Cut the pigeons in halves and cook till quite tender. Have in a frying pan two ounces of butter in which have been fried a sliced onion; take out the onion, put in the pigeons to fry till brown. Moisten them with a very little stock, stirring into this salt, parprika and a tablespoonful of curry powder.

LAMB CHOPS, POMPADOUR STYLE.

Have the chops of uniform size and thickness and fry in butter on one side for a minute or two. Take out lay the uncooked side down in a buttered baking-pan and put on the cooked side a forcemeat of chopped tongue and chopped truffles moistened slightly with sherry. Bake for five or six minutes. This forcemeat which you spread on the chops shou'd not be more than an eighth of an inch in thickness.

DUCHESS POTATOES.

In the beginning have just mashed potatoes, but have them very mealy and light. If there are eight potatoes, whip into them two eggs, the whites and yolks beaten separately. When the eggs are thoroughly incorporated add some rich cream and beat with the egg beater. Season with salt and white pepper, put in a dish, round the top brush lightly with beaten egg and brown in a quick oven. Of course, the dish must be hot, and if anything has chanced to cool it before getting it ready for the oven warm it through slowly before allowing it to brown.

HINTS TO THE HOUSEWIFE.

To spoil a carpet sweep it with a stiff, half-worn broom; to save a carpet dip the broom in clean hot suds once a week, then shake it out and hang it up. This also makes the broom last twice as long as it otherwise would.

Carpets should be thoroughly beaten on the wrong side first and then on the right, after which spots may be removed by the use of ox gall or ammonia and water, using a sponge or flannel.

After a good cleaning sprinkle with salt, fold and lay in a dry place, then when laid strew with slightly moistened bran before sweeping. This, with the salt, freshens the carpets in a marked degree.

Vinegar removes lime spots.

Spirits of ammona diluted with water if applied wth sponge or flannel to discolored spots, often restores the color.

If there is a deep-set door that it is desirable to permanently close, have bookshelves fitted in. Curtains can be hung at either side or not, as one pleases. If one does not wish to fill the entire space with books, the upper shelf can be set in lower down than would be wished for books, and china or pewter and brassware placed thereon or a picture hung in the space.

One ingenious woman hangs pretty china plates on the wall by the following method: Three or four large dress hooks were slipped over the edge of each plate; wrapping cord was then run across the back of the plate from hook to hook, fastened securely in the centre, with a loop to hang the plate up by. White hooks being used, they were scarcely noticeable when the plates were hung.

To replenish a coal fire in a sick room, or in any place where it is desired to avoid the noisy rattling of the coal, place in a newspaper or paper bag and lay the budget carefully on the fire. The magazine of a coal stove can be filled in this manner with little or no noise.

A straight valance of leather in soft green, rich brown or castor shades gives a decorative touch to the furnishings of a library or a den that is exceedingly effective, particularly as leather is a dominant feature in the house furnishings of today.

A Canadian doctor, when called to prescribe for insomnia, always advises, before drugs are employed, a hop pillow instead of feathers. It is made of a thin muslin slip stuffed with hops and hop leaves and sprayed fresh with alcohol every night before the patient goes to bed. He claim that nine times out of twelve he has cured insomnia by this simple plan.

Quite extensive coal mines are now being worked on the island of Sumatra, in the Dutch East Indies.

NOTES AND COMMENTS.

The ideal man is he who gives thanks that some people are as well off as himself and others better, observes Puck.

For a new industrial college shortly to be opened in Paris a chair of automobilism is to be jointly supported by the State, the Department of the Seine and the city of Paris, says the Motor World.

The complaint that New Yorkers hurry too much fails to take into account that most of the crowds are hurrying to get out of the city, avers the Washington Evening Star.

Who can blame the Czar for refusing to establish a Russian Congress when he reflects that it probably would establish a Congressional Record and a free seeds distribution? inquires the Savannah News.

The Browning Society, of Philadelphia, has condemned "white" lies. The black variety will remain current, as heretofore, remarks the Chicago Post.

The Sultan of Turkey is trying to negotiate a loan of $15,000,000. He has probably been reading the Chadwick literature, suggests the Louisville Courier-Journal.

Mr. Cornelius Vanderbilt is said to have added a million and three-quarters to his fortune in the last few months. A hard-working young man, certainly, and one who will never come to want.

An Arkansas matron who has lost track of her husband offers a reward of $20 for his return to her, "dead or alive." She must want to make a few broken remarks to him, thinks the Baltimore Sun.

Always kill a wounded bird or other animal as soon as you can, advises George T. Angell in Our Dumb Animals. All suffering of any creature, just before it dies, poisons the meat.

Thousands of women handle the cash of individuals, firms and corporations, says the Albany Times-Union. Seldom is there any delinquency. When one woman proves dishonest the thing arises to the dignity of big news.

If the Chinese Exclusion law was not in effect every laundryman in the Flowery Kingdom would go to Wall street, where, one day last month, a million dollars of washing was done, declares the New York American.

The shoemaker sees only your shoes, the clothier only your clothes; but the plumber sees the last penny in the bottom of your purse, the Lynchburg Advance declares.

A permanent watch is hereafter to be kept on the Frederick the Great statue, states the Buffalo Courier. Thus do gifts bring increased responsibilities and expenses. But better have the cranks try to blow up bronze or stone men than live ones.

There is a time when death is much easier for a man than to fulfil his duty, and if one dies just for the sake of death he cannot execute the duty that is assigned him, says Marui Gensai in his book, "A Daughter of Japan." True bravery is not in throwing away one's life, or courting death, but in doing one's duty at the hazard of one's life. You must not forget that.

The bigger the country, the louder the methods required for fame, and the smaller the chance for the individual to stand out where the whole community can see him, says Collier's Weekly. It is natural to mankind to desire limelight and a pedestal. Man is anxious not only to see, but to be seen. It is not vanity; it is not, in spite of Milton, an infirmity; it is a corollary of our social nature. The love of fame is a weakness only when it is extreme. Even the true philosopher likes it, although he smiles when more is paid for it than it is worth. Some statesmen and some artists are so concerned about their reputation that they remind the philosopher of the glories of a lady who puts her head in the lion's jaw daily, not so much for the twenty-five dollars a week that results as for the admiration of the wondering crowd. Also it reminds him, if he happens to be one familiar with the stage's ways, of the eagerness of each petty actor that his two lines shall have favorable opportunity; of his belief that only luck keeps him from making Sarah Bernhardt and Tomaso Salvini look like nothings; of his love of sauntering with tragic air and conscious facial lines among the haunts of men. We all want money, and too keen a wish makes us sordid. We should all be glad of fame, but too much eagerness about it makes us look like idiots.

Record School Attendance.

Remarkable records in attendance were disclosed at the prize distribution in the South Lincolnshire elementary schools. At Dorrington two girls each received a gold watch for attending school for seven consecutive years without being absent once. A boy at Spalding Central School had attended school six years, two boys attended five years and eight boys attended four years without a break. In the Girls' Central School in the same town one scholar had attended seven years, another six years and others five and four years without a single absence.—London Daily Express.

A Weighing Contest.

Here is a jolly kind of entertainment for you boys and girls to make use of the next time you give a party. It will please your little guests ever so much.

Get two sets of scales, one to weigh large articles and one for the smaller things. For some of the tiny objects suggested below it will perhaps be better to buy a cheap pair at a toy shop. Having arranged for the weighing, select a number of articles to be weighed. Have these as unlike and deceptive as possible, so that there really will be great difficulty in deciding. For instance, the following list:

A man's hat and a book.
A pair of scissors and a bunch of keys.
A boot and a pasteboard box (containing, say, a stone or something very heavy).
A large book and a pasteboard box (this one empty).
A watch and a bottle of ink.
A pen nib and a feather.
A pin and a little piece of paper.
An envelope and a postcard.
A one-cent piece and a bow or ribbon.
A doll and a shoe.
A newspaper and a package of tacks.
A rubber ball and a sponge.

Arrange the articles beforehand, and let each boy and girl write down on a slip of paper which of the two articles in each lot they think is the heavier. The competitor hands the list, signed, of course, to the judge. Then commences the weighing.

A prize should be given to the one guessing the greatest number correctly.

Monocles for Women the Fad.

No longer is the lorgnette the badge of the New York grande dame. The newest fad in this direction is the monocle for women. Of course, the woman of fashion could not risk her "make-up" by sticking the glass in her eye. Instead, she has the lens set in gold and holds it to her eye. Mrs. Oliver H. P. Belmont invariably uses a monocle at the opera, and hers is set in a gold filigree frame. Poising the single glass, she surveys the other women in the parterre. Mrs. J. Fred Tams, famed as the mother of the beautiful Violet Cruger, also uses her monocle on all occasions. The glass dangles from a chain set with pearls. Few of the younger women have taken up the monocle, because it implies imparied eyesight. There is Mrs. Astor, for instance, who never uses any optical aid in public except her opera glasses.

Joy Dethroned Reason.

Hugging to her breast a big store doll that breathes artificially, "Queen Esther" of the East Side crooned and sang as she sat in the psychopathic ward of Bellevue hospital.

The doctors say that the girl is hopelessly insane—her reason dethroned by the sudden joy of her life as "saleslady" at the doll counter of a great New York department store.

Esther Bloomstein is her full name. Her life was that of suffering and sorrow in the gloom that hangs like a pall over the tenement house district. She never had a "dolly" of her own; she never had any childhood.

She secured a holiday position in a store. The sudden joy at the transition overcame her.—New York Exchange.

An Extended Chair.

When President Eliot of Harvard toured on the Pacific coast some twenty years ago, one of the Western seats of learning which he visited was the University of Washington at Seattle. He became much interested in Prof. O. B. Johnson, a well-known figure on Puget Sound in those days, who was one of the college's leading lights, and in the course of a conversation asked the Western man what chair he held.

"Well," said Johnson, "I am professor of biology, but I also give instruction in meteorology, botany, physiology, chemistry, entomology and a few others."

"I should say that you occupied a whole settee, not a chair," rejoined Harvard's chief.—Chicago Record-Herald Sunday Magazine.

ATTORNEYS.

CLEMENT DALE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA
Office N. W. corner Diamond, two doors from First National Bank. jy9

W. G. RUNKLE
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA
All kinds of legal business attended to promptly Special attention given to collections. Office, 2d door Crider's Exchange. jy9

N. B. SPANGLER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA
Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office, Crider's Exchange Building. jy9

50 YEARS' EXPERIENCE
PATENTS
TRADE MARKS
DESIGNS
COPYRIGHTS &C.
Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain our opinion free whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Handbook on Patents sent free. Oldest agency for securing patents. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice, without charge, in the
Scientific American.
A handsomely illustrated weekly. Largest circulation of any scientific journal. Terms, $3 a year; four months, $1. Sold by all newsdealers.
MUNN & Co. 361 Broadway, New York
Branch Office, 625 F St., Washington, D. C.

Spring Mills Hotel
SPRING MILLS, PA.
PHILIP DRUMM, Prop.
First-class accommodations at all times for both man and beast. Free bus to and from all trains. Excellent Livery attached. Table board first-class. The best liquors and wines at the bar.

Centre Hall Hotel
CENTRE HALL, PA.
JAMES W. RUNKLE, Prop.
Newly equipped. Bar and table supplied with the best. Summer boarders given special attention. Healthy locality. Beautiful scenery. Within three miles of Penns Cave, a most beautiful subterranean cavern; entrance by a boat. Well located for hunting and fishing.
Heated throughout. Free carriage to all trains.

Old Fort Hotel
ISAAC SHAWVER, Proprietor.
Location: One mile South of Centre Hall. Accommodations first-class. Good bar. Parties wishing to enjoy an evening given special attention. Meals for such occasions prepared on short notice. Always prepared for the transient trade.
RATES: $1.00 PER DAY.

Penn's Valley Banking Company
CENTRE HALL, PA.
W. B. MINGLE, Cashier
Receives Deposits . .
Discounts Notes . . .

LIVERY
Special Effort made to Accommodate Commercial Travelers.....
D. A. BOOZER
Centre Hall, Pa. Penn'a R. R.

PENNSYLVANIA R. R.
Philad. & Erie R. R. Division and Northern Central Ry.

TRAINS LEAVE MONTANDON, EASTWARD.

7.38 A. M.—Train 64. Week days for Sunbury Harrisburg, arriving at Philadelphia, 11.45 a. m. New York 2.05 p. m., Baltimore 12.15 p. m., Washington 1.20 p. m. Parlor car and passenger coach to Philadelphia.

9.22 A. M.—Train 80. Daily for Sunbury Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Harrisburg and intermediate stations. Week days for Scranton, Hazelton, and Pottsville. Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore, Washington. Through passenger coaches to Philadelphia.

1.28 P. M.—Train 12. Week days for Sunbury, Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m., New York, 9.30 p. m. Baltimore, 6.09 p. m., Washington at 7.15 p. m. Parlor car through to Philadelphia, and passenger coaches to Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington.

4.45 P. M.—Train 32. Week days for Wilkesbarre, Scranton, Hazelton, Pottsville, and daily for Harrisburg and intermediate points, arriving at Philadelphia 10.47 p. m., New York 3.53 a. m., Baltimore 9.48 p. m. Passenger coaches to Philadelphia and Baltimore.

8.10 P. M.—Train 6. Daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg, and all intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4.23 a. m., New York at 7.13 a. m., Baltimore, 2.20 a. m., Washington, 3.30 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleepers undisturbed until 7.30 a. m.

WESTWARD.

5.35 A. M.—Train 3. (Daily) For Erie, Canandaigua, Rochester, Buffalo, Niagara Falls and intermediate stations, with passenger coaches to Erie and Rochester. Week days for DuBois, Bellefonte and Pittsburg. On Sundays only Pullman sleeper to Philadelphia.

10.00 A. M.—Train 31. (Daily) For Lock Haven and intermediate stations, and week days for Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg and the West, with through cars to Tyrone.

1.31 P. M.—Train 61. Week days for Kane, Tyrone, Clearfield, Philipsburg, Pittsburg, Canandaigua, and intermediate stations, Syracuse, Rochester, Buffalo and Niagara Falls, with through passenger coaches to Kane and Rochester, and Parlor car to Philadelphia.

5.36 P. M.—Train 1. Week days for Renovo, Elmira and intermediate stations.

10.07 P. M.—Train 67. Week days for Williamsport and intermediate stations. Through Parlor Car and Passenger Coach for Philadelphia.

9.10 P. M.—Train 921. Sunday only, for Williamsport and intermediate stations.

LEWISBURG AND TYRONE RAILROAD.
Week Days.

WESTWARD. P.M.	A.M.	STATIONS.	EASTWARD. A.M.	P.M.
1 58	5 40	Montandon	9 15	4 33
1 48	6 30	Lewisburg	9 05	4 23
1 55	6 38	Biehl	8 58	4 19
2 00	6 42	Vicksburg	8 53	4 14
2 08	6 50	Mifflinburg	8 45	4 06
2 20	7 02	Millmont	8 33	3 54
2 28	7 09	Glen Iron	8 26	3 46
2 59	7 40	Paddy Mountain	8 00	3 19
3 10	7 50	Coburn	7 50	3 10
3 16	7 57	Zerby	7 43	3 02
3 26	8 05	Rising Springs	7 35	2 54
3 32	8 11	Penn Cave	7 28	2 48
3 38	8 18	Centre Hall	7 22	2 41
3 45	8 24	Gregg	7 17	2 36
3 52	8 31	Linden Hall	7 10	2 30
3 56	8 35	Oak Hall	7 06	2 25
4 00	8 39	Lemont	7 02	2 21
4 04	8 43	Dale Summit	6 57	2 17
4 13	8 52	Pleasant Gap	6 48	2 08
4 16	8 55	Axemann	6 45	2 05
4 20	9 00	Bellefonte	6 40	2 00

Additional trains leave Lewisburg for Montandon at 5.20 a. m., 7.25 a. m. 9.45 a. m., 1.15, 5.25 and 7.55 p. m., returning leave Montandon for Lewisburg at 7.40, 9.27 a. m. 10.03 a. m., 4.50, 5.46 p. m. and 8.12 p. m.

On Sundays trains leave Montandon 9.28 and 10.01 a. m. and 4.46 p. m., returning leave Lewisburg 9.25 a. m., 10.03 a. m. and 4.48 p. m.

W. W. ATTERBURY, General Manager
J. R. WOOD, Pass. Traffic Mgr.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agt.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down. No. 1	No. 3	No. 5	June 15, 1904. Lv.	Ar.	Read Up. No. 6	No. 4	No. 2
A.M.	P M	P M			P M	P M	A M
7 00	2 30	6 40	..BELLEFONTE..		9 35	5 10	9 35
7 11	2 41	6 51	..Nigh..		9 22	4 57	9 22
7 16	2 46	6 56	..Zion..		9 16	4 51	9 16
7 23	2 53	7 03	..Hecla Park..		9 10	4 45	9 10
7 25	2 55	7 05	..Dunkles..		9 08	4 42	9 07
7 29	2 59	7 09	..HUBLERSBURG..		9 04	4 38	9 03
7 33	3 03	7 14	..Snydertown..		9 01	4 34	8 59
7 35	3 05	7 16	..Nittany..		8 59	4 31	8 56
7 37	3 07	7 19	..Huston..		8 57	4 28	8 53
7 41	3 11	7 23	..LAMAR..		8 54	4 25	8 50
7 45	3 15	7 25	..Clintondale..		8 51	4 22	8 47
7 47	3 17	7 29	..Krider's Spring..		8 47	4 18	8 43
7 51	3 21	7 33	..Mackeyville..		8 43	4 13	8 38
7 57	3 27	7 39	..Cedar Springs..		8 37	4 07	8 32
8 00	3 30	7 42	..Salona..		8 35	4 05	8 30
8 05	3 35	7 47	..MILL HALL..		8 30	4 00	8 25

(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)

11 45	8 38		..Jersey Shore..		3 16	7 40	
12 20	9 10	Arr.	W'msport	Lve	2 40	7 10	
12 29	11 30	Lve.	W'msport	Arr.	2 25	6 55	

(Philad. & Reading Ry.)

7 30	6 50	..PHILA..	8 36	11 30		
10 40	9 02	..NEW YORK..	4 25	7 30		

(Via Philad.)

P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.
10 40		Ar New York Lv	4 00	

(Via Tamaqua.)

J. W. GEPHART, General Superintendent.

THE CENTRE REPORTER.
S. W. SMITH, . . . Editor and Proprietor.

CENTRE HALL, . . . PENN'A.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1905.

TERMS.—The terms of subscription to the Reporter are one dollar per year in advance.

ADVERTISEMENTS.—20 cents per line for three insertions, and 5 cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Other rates made known on application.

The figures opposite your name on label of paper indicate the date to which your subscription is paid. When no date is given the date implied is July, 1900; when no month is given the month implied is July—thus: "00" means July, 1900; "01", means July, 1901; "04" means that your subscription is paid in advance to July, 1904. Other months than July are indicated by abbreviations.

When you pay your subscription always examine your label, and when a notice appears that corrections have been made, compare and report immediately if you have not been given proper credit. No receipts for subscription will be sent by mail unless by special request. The change of date on label ought to be sufficient evidence. Money by mail is reasonably safe. There have been no losses to this date.

RESOLUTIONS AND CARDS OF THANKS.—Resolutions of respect will be charged for at the rate of one-half cent per word, (payable in advance) the minimum charge being $1 00. Cards of thanks, two cents per word, minimum charge, fifty cents, also payable in advance.

Spring Mills.

Sledding parties form the most pleasing amusement of the season. Among some of them last week was an evening spent very pleasantly at the home of Dr. J. R. G. Allison, Centre Hall. On Wednesday evening of this week an evening was similarly enjoyed at the home of J. K. Bitner, a few miles east of town.

The members of the K. G. E. held their annual banquet at the Old Fort Hotel on Tuesday evening.

Mrs. T. M. Gramley is very much improved of her recent illness.

Bruce Gramley having completed the work of the first simester at State College and having a day or two off came home for a short visit during his mother's illness.

Windom Gramley, of Philadelphia, arrived last Saturday for a visit to his parents.

Miss Joe Condo, of Howard, spent a few days last week at the home of Dr. H. S. Braucht.

Jacob Bitner returned from New Haven, where he has been doing work in Yale College. Owing to his eyes failing, he is compelled to discontinue his studies for a year at least.

Miss Alice Neese spent last Thursday in Centre Hall, visiting her brother, John Neese.

Burchard Musser, son of R. D. Musser, who has been employed in Altoona for some time, is suffering from appendicitis, in one of the hospitals in that city. The operation was reported a success, and the patient doing well as could be expected.

Rev. and Mrs. McIlnay entertained some of their friends from Pleasant Gap over Sunday.

Rev. W. C. Bierly last week started a series of meetings at Locust Grove.

S. L. Condo last Monday made a business trip to Mifflinburg.

Rev. W. C. Bierly and wife spent Saturday visiting at Millheim.

Sidney Reish last Saturday moved his family from J. D. Long's house to Millheim.

George Gentzel on Wednesday made a business trip to Bellefonte.

Prof. W. P. Hosterman will have a spring term of school in the Academy and Miss Theresa Rachau will teach the primary department.

E. S. Shaffer, of Madisonburg, for several years manager of the Musser House at Millheim, was here on private business for a day or two last week. Mr. Shaffer is a candidate for the nomination of sheriff. His Democracy is unquestionable and he ranks high in character and ability, and would prove a formidable candidate.

Sleighing parties are decidedly numerous.

C. L. Finkle having another enterprise in view, will dispose of his stave mill, which he recently erected above the station, and fitted it up with entirely new machinery; the boiler is thirty and engine twenty-five horse power.

John Smith and Brother are disposing of their stock of furniture, carpets, and house furnishing goods regardless of cost. No reasonable offer will be refused, they must be sold to make room for spring and summer stock.

On Tuesday last Miss Mabel Allison treated her Sunday school class of twenty-four scholars to a sleigh ride of a dozen miles or more; the children were delighted and appreciated her kindness.

Men's working shoes at a big reduction. Yeager & Davis.

Tusseyville.

Rev. Rearick is conducting a series of meetings in the Lutheran church.

The United Evangelical Sunday school elected officers for the ensuing year, Sunday.

Mrs. McClellan gave a supper Thursday evening of last week in honor of her son F. J. McClellan and bride.

William Mulbarger visited friends in Mifflin county last week.

Mrs. Charles Colyer was buried Sunday interment being made in the United Evangelical cemetery.

Ladies' fine shoes will be sold at a great sacrifice. Yeager & Davis.

Harris Township.

Adam Felty is visiting in Altoona.

Mrs. Forest Hunter with her children left last week for Altoona.

Mrs. Martha Everhart, of Altoona, visited here for a few days.

Miss Mary Felty and sister, Mrs. Harry Shugart, were guests at the home of J. H. Meyer on Saturday.

Elmer Musser, of Ferguson township, transacted business here on Saturday.

A jolly company from Boalsburg and vicinity enjoyed an evening at the home of Newton Yarnell. Sandwiches, cake, coffee and ice cream were served as refreshments.

Communion services were held in the Presbyterian church Sunday morning.

Jared Mayes was a visitor from Watsontown

Miss Kathryn Meyer spent Wednesday of last week at the home of Dr. Houser, at Baileyville.

Rev. A. A. Black is conducting evening services at Pine Hall. Holy communion will be administered Sunday morning.

Harry Gilmer spent Sunday with his little son Nevin, who is being cared for by Mr. and Mrs. Foster Sharer, near Zion.

One of the most delightful entertainments of the season was given by Mr. and Mrs. Matthew Goheen, Monday evening, in honor of Miss Priscilla Wilson, of Dubois, who is visiting friends in this her former home. Choice refreshments were served.

Miss Mabel Brown returned from a visit among friends at Philipsburg.

Messenger Day was observed in the Reformed church Sunday. Rev. Black made a strong appeal to the people, urging them to keep up with the affairs of the day and the church by reading more.

J. Hummel and sister, of Mifflin county, visited their aunt, Mrs. Alexander Kuhn.

Miss Lizzie Springer, of Union county, is visiting her sister, Mrs. George Hosterman.

Mrs. Harry Shirk spent a few days in Bellefonte.

Mr. and Mrs. Porter, of Huntingdon county, visited at the Kaup home.

The reservoir near the spring which supplies the water for Boalsburg, is frozen dry, consequently water in the town is scarce. People are compelled to use creek water for cooking and other household purposes.

Mrs. Bricker visited her mother who is ill at her home in Unionville.

Rebersburg.

Miss Bertha Hosterman, of Woodward, is the guest of Miss Amy Stover.

Calvin Mallory spent the past week at Sunbury and New Berlin.

The stork visited the home of Levi Walker last Monday and left a baby girl.

Some of our astronomers have recently viewed the dark spot on the sun through a smoked glass but can not give a cause for it.

The farmer's meeting held in the school house Wednesday evening was well attended. The speakers made lengthy speeches closing with an ardent plea in behalf of the grange, saying the whole working class should join this organization and that by so doing they would reap the benefit of pure legislation. The music of the choir was very appropriate for the occasion.

Wm. Breon, of Lock Haven, spent last Friday in town at the home of Frank Waite. Saturday he attended the sale of his father-in-law's home, at Smullton, which was bought by Thaddeus Stover at $413.00.

Master Paul Torbet, of New Berlin, is visiting his grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Mallory.

Harry Walker, a lumberman of the east end of this valley, recently bought two tracts of timberland, one from Mr. Thomas and another from Newton Brungart. Last Thursday Mr. Walker placed his saw mill on one of these tracts and will commence sawing soon.

Friday evening the United Evangelicals opened a series of meetings which will continue this week.

George Bair and wife, of Williamsport, John Smith and wife, of Lamar, are visiting at the home of Wm. Bair.

Thursday Jonas Stover, who resided on the Henry Meyer farm, east of this place, moved to Snydertown. Elmer Wolf rented the Meyer farm.

Sober.

Ezra Confer is home on a visit but will return to his work as soon as the weather permits him to do so.

Mrs. Andrew Zerby visited at the home of U. G. Auman several weeks.

Ollie Zettle, of Georges Valley, is spending a few days with Harry Gentzell.

Mrs. Elizabeth Adams is on the sick list. C. Auman's health is improving.

C. K. Sober, of Lewisburg, was a caller at this place.

D. D. Breon, who occupied C. Finkle's house, moved below Aaronsburg Tuesday, to M. Bower's house, where he is going to work on the farm.

James Zerby is taking out oak poles.

The less a book agent looks like one the more sucessful he is.

"Never get in a stew" is good advice for a man as well as an oyster.

Millheim.

Frank Breon, of Williamsport, brother of Mrs. Harry Leitzell, was an arrival Monday to visit his mother, Mrs. Valentine Breon, who lives south of town.

B. F. Royer, of Clearfield, was a visitor in town a few days last week, having come to see his sister, Miss Annie Royer, who has been ill for some time at the home of Veteran George Cummings.

Miss Katie Frank, milliner, of Aaronsburg, has been visiting in this place since Saturday.

After April first this town will have three retired landlords.

Wednesday evening of last week a jolly party from town, composed of Mr. and Mrs. Ezra Auman, Mr. and Mrs. George Sechrist, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Weiser, Mr. and Mrs. John Hartman, Mrs. F. O. Hosterman, Mrs. Solomon Musser, Misses Mary Hartman and Cora Sechrist, Charles Sechrist, Thos. Frank, Harry Shull, Boyd Winkleblech and Clarence Kister, drove to the home of William Stover, west of town, where they were royally entertained by mine host and his good wife until a late hour.

A. P. Maize has disposed of his store to John Guisewite, of Oak Grove, the consideration of which has not been learned. Mr. Maize expects to follow his trade as a mason the coming season, storekeeping being too close confinement for his health.

Postmaster J. Spigelmyer is confined to the house by a severe attack of grip.

G. B. M. Brungart, of Lock Haven, who recently purchased the Musser House, was in town a few days last week getting signers to his license petition. Mr. Brungart does not expect to occupy the house himself the coming year, and it is not known who will be the landlord to succeed Mr. King, the present occupant.

J. Spigelmyer lost one of his livery horses, Saturday.

The smoke house of William Swartz, between here and Coburn, burned to the ground with all its contents.

Linden Hall.

Mrs. J. H. Ross and daughter, Miss Ella, entertained the Ladies Aid Society of the Lutheran church at dinner Wednesday of last week.

The stork visited the homes of John Bohn and Jerome Auman last week, leaving a little son at the former home and a daughter at the latter.

Grip is prevalent among the people, scarcely a family that has not been suffering from it.

Mr. and Mrs. Newton Yarnell entertained quite a number of young people Wednesday evening.

Friday evening a sled load of thirty young folks from here were driven to the home of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Jodan, at Pleasant Gap, where they were royally entertained and on Saturday evening another sled load from here were entertained by Mr. and Mrs. Jasper Brooks, at Pleasant Gap.

John Harshberger has bought Mrs. Charley Stemm's property south of town, and will move from Sunny Side to it in the spring.

Mr. and Mrs. Math. Goheen gave quite a large party Monday evening to their many friends; among the guests from a distance were Hamill Goheen and sisters, Misses Anna and Nora, Miss Maude Bailey, Misses Mary and Sophie Thompson, Miss Bess Lytle and sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Homan and Mrs. Keller drove to Zion Sunday morning, where they spent several days with Mr. and Mrs. Austin Brungart and Mr. Hoffman and family.

Miss Miller, of the Glades, spent last week with her sister and aunt here.

George Erhard will move Thursday to Miss Mary Potter's farm, and Joshua Potter, who returned from Clairton, will occupy his own farm.

Mr. and Mrs. John Diehl returned from the funeral of their sister, Mrs. Charles Colyer, and brought with them Grover, the little three-year old son of the deceased.

Aaronsburg.

Harry Mensch, of Bellefonte, was to see his parents and hosts of other friends he has in town.

Mr. and Mrs. John Grenoble, of Spring Mills, spent the Sabbath at the home of George Weaver.

John Bubb and wife, of Centre Hill, paid a visit to their daughter, Mrs. Viola Brouse, a few days last week.

Miss Kathryn Frank spent a few days with friends in Millheim.

Mrs. Chestie Wert spent a few days with her family, but returned to Rebersburg again on Monday to assist in nursing her aged mother.

Miss Stella Kahl returned to her home at Green Burr on Sunday, after staying with her sister, Mrs. Ida Wyle, a few weeks.

Miss Mary Gettig and Miss Shultz spent a day last week with Miss Jennie Hull.

Thomas Brungart and wife, of Wolf's Store, were in town last week.

Dr. D. K. Musser, of Bellefonte, was home over Sunday to see his mother, whose health is failing somewhat.

Nelson Wert and wife spent Sunday with Mrs. Wert's parents, near Penn Hall.

Felt shoes and slippers at an immense sacrifice. Yeager & Davis.

Low Excursion Rates to Southern Winter Resorts.

The Seaboard Air Line Railway offers excursion rates and is the shortest and quickest route to Pinehurst, Southern Pines, Camden and the well known resorts of Florida and other parts of the South. The famous Seaboard Florida Limited makes one of the three through trains of the Seaboard now operated between the north and Florida, with Pullman Sleeping cars and Dining cars. With this service you will find the Seaboard, in addition to being the shortest line, the quickest and most convenient and attractive route to Florida and the other Southern Winter Resorts. J. J. Puller, District Passenger Agent of the Seaboard Air Line Railway, with offices at 1411 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, will cheerfully furnish any information desired regarding rates, schedules, resort points, climate, hotels, etc. Write him if you contemplate a trip.

Florida, the Carolinas,—Famous Winter Resorts.

No part of America is attracting so many health and pleasure seekers as the world famous winter resorts of the Carolinas and Florida, which are reached directly by the Seaboard Air Line Railway. This wonderful country has become the great national winter home of both the pleasure tourist and health seekers, fully and readily responding to the needs of both.

No grander climate nor more reasonable living can be found anywhere. Avoid the rigors of northern winter by a sojourn in Flowery Florida or among the Carolina pines of our Sunny Southland. Best reached by the Seaboard Air Line Railway with three daily trains carrying Pullmans and Dining cars through Virginia, the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida.

Write for information and illustrated Booklets.

J. J. PULLER, Dist. Pass. Agt.
1411 Chestnut St., Phila., Pa.

College of Music.

$34 pays six weeks instruction and board at the College of Music, Freeburg, Pa. Piano, organ, singing, brass and string instruments taught. Young people are as well cared for as at home. Terms begin May 1, June 12, July 24 For catalogue address,

07 HENRY B. MOYER

Ayer's

Take cold easily? Throat tender? Lungs weak? Any relatives have consumption? Then a cough means a great

Cherry Pectoral

deal to you. Follow your doctor's advice and take Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. It heals, strengthens, prevents.

"For 40 years I have depended on Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for coughs and colds. I know it greatly strengthens weak lungs." MRS. P. A. ROBINSON, Saline, Mich.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Weak Lungs

Ayer's Pills increase the activity of the liver, and thus aid recovery.

...LEE'S...
NEW LIFE TEA
ALWAYS CURES
CONSTIPATION, INDIGESTION, SICK HEADACHE,
And imparts new life to the whole system. At all druggists and dealers, 25c, or sent by mail, if your dealer will not supply you. Address,
John D. Langham, Holley, N. Y.
For sale by J. Frank Smith, Centre Hall, Pa.

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNSYLVANIA.
Condensed Time Table. Week Days.

Read Down.			Stations	Read Up.		
No. 1	No3	No5		No6	No4	No2
A.M.	P M	P M	Lv. Ar.	P M	P M	A M
7 10	2 30	6 40	BELLEFONTE	9 20	5 10	9 40
7 21	2 41	6 51	Nigh	9 07	4 57	9 27
7 26	2 46	6 56	Zion	9 01	4 51	9 21
7 33	2 53	7 03	Heela Park	8 55	4 45	9 15
7 35	2 55	7 05	Dunkles	8 53	4 42	9 13
7 39	2 59	7 09	HUBLERSBURG	8 49	4 38	9 09
7 43	3 03	7 14	Snydertown	8 46	4 34	9 05
7 45	3 05	7 16	Nittany	8 44	4 31	9 02
7 47	3 07	7 19	Huston	8 42	4 28	9 00
7 51	3 11	7 23	LAMAR	8 39	4 25	8 57
7 53	3 13	7 28	Clintondale	8 36	4 22	8 54
7 57	3 17	7 29	Krider's Spring	8 32	4 18	8 51
8 01	3 21	7 33	Mackeyville	8 28	4 13	8 46
8 07	3 27	7 39	Cedar Springs	8 22	4 07	8 40
8 10	3 30	7 42	Salona	8 20	4 05	8 38
8 15	3 35	7 47	MILL HALL	8 15	4 00	8 33
(N. Y. Central and Hudson River R. R.)						
11 45	8 58		Jersey Shore	3 16	7 50	
12 20	9 10	Arr.	W'msport Lve	2 40	7 20	
12 29	11 20	Lve.	W'msport Arr.	2 25	6 50	
(Philad. & Reading Ry.)						
7 30	6 50		PHILA	8 36	11 30	
10 40	9 02		NEW YORK	4 30	7 30	
(Via Philad.)						
P. M.	A. M.		A. M.	P. M.		
10 40			Ar New York Lv	4 00		
(Via Tamaqua)						

J. W. GEPHART,
General Superintendent.

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
Week Days.

EASTWARD.				WESTWARD		
6	4	2	STATIONS.	1	3	5
P.M.	P. M	A M	Ar. Lv.	A M	A M	P M
6 30	2 25	8 50	Bellefonte	6 20	10 30	4 00
6 15	2 10	8 40	Coleville	6 35	10 37	4 07
6 12	2 07	8 37	Morris	6 38	10 42	4 10
6 08	2 02	8 35	Stevens	6 43	10 47	4 15
6 03	1 58	8 31	Hunters	6 46	10 51	4 18
6 03	1 51	8 28	Fillmore	6 50	10 56	4 21
5 59	1 45	8 24	Briarly	6 55	11 02	4 25
5 55	1 40	8 20	Waddles	7 00	11 05	4 28
5 37	1 22	8 07	Krumrine	7 12	11 20	4 40
5 30	1 15	8 00	State College	7 25	11 36	4 45
5 10		7 45	Struble	7 27		4 50
5 05		7 40	Bloomsdorf	7 31		4 55
5 00		7 35	Pine Grove Cro.	7 35		5 00

STOP, LOOK, READ

I have just received a full line of the best

...Granite Ware...

I could buy, which I will sell at prices that will astonish you. This line includes - - -

Dish Pans, Coffee and Tea Pots, Stew Kettles, Sauce Pans, Wash Basins, Water Buckets, Dippers, Etc.

Parlor Stoves and Ranges

I have a few Parlor Stoves and Ranges left from the Fall stock that I will sell at remarkably low figures.

I also have a fine line of NICKEL PLATED COPPER WARE. Come and examine my goods. No trouble to show them.

...J. A. REESMAN...
CENTRE HALL, PA.

The January Clearance Sale

Begin the New Year with a resolution to wear a new suit and overcoat. You can get them here at greatly reduced prices, and a splendid stock to select from.

We put in an unusually large stock of the best made clothing, and still have enough left of the right kind.

MONTGOMERY & CO.
BELLEFONTE, PA.

...O. T. CORMAN...
SPRING MILLS

Being headquarters for holiday goods and having done a very large business, the remaining goods—left over—I am now selling at ridiculously low prices. Such as dolls, go-carts, wagons, barrows, horses and a large quantity of toy candy, games, ornaments, novelties, etc., will be sold absolutely regardless of cost to close out the entire stock. All the holiday goods must be sold to make room for general merchandise.

Now is your opportunity to buy goods at your own prices. My counters are lined with the greatest bargains you ever saw. Why pay fancy prices at other stores when you can buy goods here at about half their value? An examination will convince you.

Candies and Confectionary

Just received another lot of choice candies and confectionary, consisting of chocolates, vanilla almonds, creams, mints, cocoanut, Spanish bon-bons, French mixture. Fine confectionary in boxes, and a large assortment of stick and toy candies. English walnuts, paper shell almonds and Pecan nuts, also a very large assortment of fancy cakes, oranges, lemons, bananas and table raisins.

Jewelry

Also an elegant array of fine Jewelry—chains, rings, seals, brooches, cuff and collar buttons, and infants' neck chains.

Notions and Dry Goods

An invoice of notions just opened and now displayed on the counters. Gloves, mittens, neckwear, collars, 'kerchiefs and fine umbrellas. Dry goods department has also been replenished with a line of elegant dress goods in all the beautiful fall and winter shades, also gingham, muslin and a choice line of superb woolen blankets.

Groceries

My groceries are all fresh and carefully selected. In addition to regular sugar, coffee and spices I have a very desirable line of breakfast foods, canned goods, table oil, olives and sardines.

Glass and Queensware

My stock of glass and queensware is very complete. Elegant dinner and tea sets, from 75 to 125 pieces; cut glass, beautiful lamps and fine Bohemian and Japanese shades.

To save money and to have a clean job of PAPER HANGING or PAINTING done, go to—

..P. R. Auman..
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Wall Paper Furnished at 3c. per Bolt and Up. . . .

LADIES

DR. LA FRANCO'S COMPOUND
PRICE 25 CTS. AT DRUGGISTS OR BY MAIL

Safe, Quick, Reliable Regulator
Superior to other remedies sold at high prices. Cure guaranteed. Successfully used by over 200,000 Women. Price, 25 Cents, drug gist or by mail. Testimonials & booklet free.
Dr. LaFranco, Philadelphia, Pa.

GRAIN MARKET.

Rye	60	Wheat	1 10
Barley	45	Oats	30
		Corn	50

PRODUCE AT STORES.

Lard	07	Butter	20
Potatoes	40	Eggs	22

MARBLE AND GRANITE MONUMENTS.

H. G. STROHMEIER,
CENTRE HALL, ... PENN.
Manufacturer of and Dealer in
HIGH GRADE . . .
MONUMENTAL WORK
in all kinds of
Marble AND Granite.
Don't fail to get my prices.

Smith, the Photographer.

W. W. Smith, the Photographer, will be in Centre Hall this week.

To Revise School Laws.

A joint resolution authorizing the governor to appoint a commission of six to revise the school laws of the state and recommend new legislation and appropriating $15,000 for its expenses was offered in the House Monday, by Mr. Snyder, of Schuylkill, and referred to the education committee.

Do You Want to Make Money?

Of course you do. Let us help you. Sell your cream, eggs and poultry to us and we guarantee that you will be pleased with the returns. Compare our prices with others buying cream, and you will be convinced that we can make money for you. We are now opening new cream routes. If our driver does not pass your place, drop us a line and we will have him call. We always pay the highest market prices for eggs, chickens, ducks and turkeys.

THE HOWARD CREAMERY CORP.
Office—Bellefonte, Pa.

Marriage Licenses

Joseph Sleigh, Gerhartville.
Bertha Skeat, Philipsburg.

George Emel, Bellefonte.
Emma Shadle, Buffalo Run.

Frank Van V. Smith, Bellefonte.
Ella B. Rote, Bellefonte.

Isaac H. Pecht, McVeytown.
Mary E. Wells, Zion.

J. Wesley Foreman, Centre Hill.
Minerva M. Dashem, Centre Hill.

Clark Carson, Bellefonte.
Annie Kline, Bellefonte.

Herbert B. Craft, Moshannon.
Cora I. McDonigal, Moshannon.

Progress Grange Program.

Below is given the program for the meeting of Progress Grange, Saturday, 18 inst.:

What breed or what strain of milch cows would you consider most profitable for the farmer to keep? David Keller.

Recitation, Annie Durst.

Are the farmers receiving full value for the money invested in fence wire at the present day? Hon. L. Rhone.

Recitation, Mrs. Gardner Grove.

Will a small hen lay more eggs in a given time with the same care given than one of the larger breed? Christ Keller.

LOCALS.

Big sacrifice in boys' shoes. Yeager & Davis.

Edward Sellers, of Oak Hall, stopped in town on his way home from a trip to Sunbury and points along the main line.

Dr. and Mrs. Austin Thomas left Centre Hall Wednesday for Nittany, where they will stay a few days with Solomon Peck, prior to going to their new location.

J. C. Brown, of Potters Mills, and Nathaniel Zeigler, of near Centre Hall, were callers. Both are farmers and are anxious as to the effects of the severe winter on the grain fields.

W. P. Alexander, of Spring Mills, who for a number of years has been miller in the Allison flouring mills, will move to Yeagertown in the spring. He will be employed in the Graybill flouring mills.

H. A. Stover, of near Spring Mills, was a caller Wednesday. Mr. Stover will move to Spring Mills in April, and like his neighbor, M. E. Grenoble, will buy a home in Yeagertown during the next year.

Among the six families driven from their homes by a fire on Alpine Avenue, Allegheny, was John F. Mullen, formerly of this place. The extent of his loss has not been ascertained. The fire is supposed to have originated by an explosion of natural gas. The fire started at three o'clock Saturday morning.

The Woman's Home and Foreign Missionary Society of the Boalsburg Lutheran church spent Thursday of last week at the home of Mrs. J. H. Ross, at Linden Hall. The regular hour was spent in the study of the missionary topic for the month and the rest of the time the members enjoyed themselves in the capacity of a sewing circle.

In the absence of the regular pastor, Rev. J. I. Stonecypher, of Boalsburg, was called to Laurelton Thursday of last week, to conduct the funeral of Mrs. Mary Weidensaul, who accidentally set fire to her clothes on Monday afternoon, January 30th. Mrs. Weidensaul was in her eighty-third year and a member of the large Catherman family of seventeen children, the first of whom died only a few years ago at the age of eighty years. She was a member of the Lutheran church for many years.

Yeager & Davis have decided to close their Philipsburg shoe store and with that end in view are moving their large stock from Philipsburg to Bellefonte and will offer the same at a sacrifice sale beginning Feb. 16. The reason for abandoning the Philipsburg store is because Harry Yeager will devote more of his time to the swing factory which is in successful operation at Bellefonte. After the big sale Elmer Davis will probably have charge of the shoe store. He will move his family back to Bellefonte.

K. G. E. BANQUET

At Old Fort Hotel, Tuesday Evening of this Week.

The members of Centre Castle, No. 169, Knights of the Golden Eagle of Spring Mills held their annual banquet at Old Fort Hotel, Tuesday evening. Nearly sixty members were present. Centre Castle has a large membership, and is in the most excellent financial standing.

Landlord Shawver prepared a banquet for the Eagles that was fit for kings and queens. After all had done justice to the inner man, toasts were offered by a number of the participants. Prof. S. Ward Gramley acted as toastmaster, and responses were made by Messrs. John Puff, R. E. Catherman, John Knarr, L. F. Mayes, C. W. Reesman, W. C. Gramley and W. H. Smith.

The names of those present at the banquet follow:

John Knarr	C. W. Reesman
Miss Alice Glace	Miss Bertha McCormick
Clyde Bradford and wife	William H. Smith
Miss Maggie Koon	Miss Robie Musser
Miss Blanche Bartges	D. A. Stover
O. T. Corman and wife	Miss Lola Heckman
Howard Fetterolf	R. E. Catherman and wife
Wm. Ruhl	Miss Rena Shires
John Smith	John Puff and wife
W. H. Blosser	Master Roy Puff
Ivy Bartges and son	J. W. Whiteman, wife and child.
Samuel Gross	Master John Whiteman
Wm. Boozer	Geo. Bradford and wife
John Martz	L. F. Mayes and wife
G. W. Glace, Jr.	John C. Koon and wife
Wm. P. Alexander	W. C. Gramley
Wm. Shutt	Miss Mae Smith
S. W. Gramley	H. J. Royer
Mr. Hackenbery	Miss Tish. Bradford
E. D. Ripka	Miss Mattie Long
W. O. Immel	

Centre Countians in Philadelphia.

The members of the Centre County Association of Philadelphia held their Mid-Winter Entertainment Monday evening at Mosebach's Casino, Philadelphia. During the early part of the evening the guests were entertained by a vaudeville performance, and after refreshments were served a dance was indulged in. About two hundred persons were present.

A permanent organization was formed by electing Dr. Roland G. Curtin, president; Thomas Foster, vice president; L. Olin Meek, treasurer; Dr. S. Gray Mattern, secretary.

Keith's Theatre.

Beginning week of February 12th the attractions at Keith's Chestnut Street Theatre, Philadelphia, will be unusually strong, and among them will be: "Eight English Girls," presenting the famous radium dance, as presented in "Piff, Paff, Pouf." One of the largest and prettiest acts in vaudeville. "Jiu Jitsu," first time on any stage. Marvelous exhibitions of the Japanese art of self-defence. Illustrated by the only members of the Samurial tribe in this country. They have been engaged to teach the scienic to the cadets at West Point and Annapolis. A real novelty. One week only. "Chas. T. Aldrich," presenting his famous burlesque on Chinese magic. Also offering some startling illusions, coupled with his well-known lightning change exhibition. A really great feature. "Hill and Sylvian," marvelous unicycle exhibition.

LOCALS

Warm lined shoes at a big sacrifice. Yeager & Davis.

The continued cold weather is causing hydrants to freeze.

Jacob Wagner is back from Buckhorn, where he spent several weeks with his son, Rev. J. W. Wagner.

Dr. J. F. Alexander, who for the past few weeks has been confined to the house, is materially improved in health, and but for the cold weather would be on the streets.

J. L. Tressler, of near Linden Hall, attended the local institute held in Centre Hall. Mr. Tressler was formerly a school teacher, and at present is one of Harris township's live school directors.

With his arbitration treaties in one hand and his demand for $115,000,000 for the navy in the other, President Roosevelt is trying to convince the world that the dove of peace can only be domesticated with a twelve-inch gun.

Several inches of snow fell Sunday night, which will be a great protection to the grain fields. The continued zero weather, with most of the grain plants exposed, no doubt left damaging effects which will only be observed when spring opens.

Harper Brothers, grocers, Bellefonte, have discontinued business. Too liberal extension of credit is assigned as the reason for the failure. Liabilities are estimated at $12,000, book accounts and stock are supposed to be worth $9,000. Messrs. George Hazel and Curtis Wagner will succeed Harper Bros.

A large number of young folks gathered at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Durst Wednesday evening, the occasion being the birthday of their daughter, Miss Annie. The guests spent the evening in a delightful way, and each had an interest in a number of pretty gifts which were presented to Miss Durst.

B. F. Homan, of Oak Hall Station, Pa., is always ready and pleased to wait on persons interested in the National Cream Separator. This machine, while retaining its former good principles, is now improved. It is low down. It is acknowledged as the leading separator, in simplicity, fewness of parts, ease in turning and washing, and best of all, endurance and closeness skimming.

DEATHS.

MRS. MARY WALK.

Mrs. Mary Walk, widow of the late James Walk, of Gregg township, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. Annie Schoonmaker, Moore Park, Michigan, on the 19th ult. Her age was about eighty years, and the cause of her death dropsy.

The deceased was the grand-mother of Oscar Homan, east of Centre Hall. Two sons also survive: Henry Walk, Illinois, and Andrew Walk, Michigan.

MISS MOLLIE HARPER.

Miss Mollie Harper, a highly respected maiden lady of Unionville, died at her home in that place. The deceased was born in Boggs township, and was the daughter of John P. and Harriet Harper. She never married and of late years has made her home with her brother. She had passed the seventieth milestone in life's journey. She is survived by two brothers, John P., of Lock Haven, and W. T., of Unionville.

MRS. CHARLES COLYER.

Mrs. Charles Colyer died Wednesday of last week at Tusseyville, aged twenty-three years. The funeral, which was largely attended, took place Friday, interment being made in the United Evangelical cemetery at Tusseyville, Rev. J. F. Shultz officiating, assisted by Rev. J. M. Rearick.

Amanda Elizabeth Colyer was the youngest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Floray, to whose home she was taken on becoming ill. She is survived by her husband and one child.

MRS. CALVIN H. GRADEN.

The death of Mrs. Calvin H. Graden occurred at her home in Davenport, Lincoln county, Washington, January 28th, aged forty-two years. She is survived by her husband, two daughters and three sons, all of whom were by the mother's bedside when death came.

Mrs. Graden was the daughter of Frederick Zettle, deceased, of Spring Mills, her given name being Lydia A. She was married to Mr. Graden, son of Nicholas Graden, fifteen years ago, and is known by many of the Reporter readers.

MRS. SOPHIA KERSTETTER.

Mrs. Sophia Kerstetter died at her home in Sugar Valley, near Greenburr, last Saturday forenoon. She was eighty-five years old last Christmas. She is survived by two sons and two daughters—P. T. and McClellan, of Greenburr; Mrs. Henry Wolf, of Booneville, and Mrs. P. D. Kleckner, of Loganton. Funeral took place Tuesday, and interment was made near Greenburr.

Washington.

"My father," said Wellington's son, "deemed Washington the purest and noblest character of modern time—possibly of all time—and, considering the raw troops with which he had to oppose the trained and veteran soldiers of England, also a great general." Another interesting statement which the second duke made to General Wilson, who writes to the Cornhill, was that when his father was assigned to the command of an expedition to be sent out against the city of Washington and New Orleans in 1814 he declined the command chiefly on the ground that he would not fight against Washington's countrymen. And when his government asked for the names of three officers from whom a commander could be selected Wellington wrote, "Sir Edward Pakenham, Sir Edward Pakenham, Sir Edward Pakenham," and so poor Sir Edward, his brother-in-law, was sent to New Orleans to meet his death in the most disastrous defeat ever sustained by a British army.—St. James' Gazette.

Roman Gormands.

The wealthy gormands of Rome cherished a strong partiality for song birds. Both Horace and Martial refer with approval to roast thrush, and Ovid recommends "a crown of thrushes" as a lover's present to his mistress. Thrushes' breasts were one of the ingredients of the celebrated Apician dish, "Patina apiciana," which also included beccaficos, mushrooms, sow's udder, fish and chickens, rivaling the heterogeneous contents of a gypsy's "pot au feu."

Horace relates that the sons of Actius, to stimulate their appetite for dinner, lunched on "nightingales of monstrous price," and Varro tells us of the aviary of Lucullus, which was also a "salle a manger," so that the epicure gratified his ears and his palate simultaneously, feasting upon the delicate warblers whose congeners, unconscious of their coming doom, were discoursing meanwhile the most exquisite music.

Fen Down and Feathers.

Adulteration laws were quite as necessary in the good old days as in the sophisticated twentieth century. Even the adulteration of feather beds and bolsters had to be provided against. Oct. 14, 1495, is the date of a statute prohibiting the sale in English fairs or markets of these articles or of pillows, "except they be stuffed with one manner of feathers." It expressly denounced the use of such "unlawful and corrupt stuffs" as "scalded feathers, or fen down." The last substance is the same as cotton grass and was evidently in great demand as a substitute in bed stuffing. In the eighteenth century again there were complaints against people who bought fen down at a halfpenny a pound and sold it among feathers at sixpence.

Pine Stump.

Samuel Burris, of Axemann, spent several days last week with his cousin, Earl Lutz.

Miss Gertie Miller, of Rock Springs, spent Sunday at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Williams.

Mrs. Jacob Walker returned home from the hospital somewhat improved.

John Williams and son Claude were to Bellefonte Saturday.

Miss Bessie Dashem, of Centre Hill, spent Sunday at the home of John Moore.

George Heckman and wife, Mrs. John Williams and sons Roy and Fred were to Boalsburg Saturday.

Woodward.

Mr. and Mrs. Adam Winters, of Brush Valley, are visiting the lady's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Reinhart.

Rev. Shortiss will preach in the Evangelical church Sunday forenoon.

Miss Bertha Hosterman is visiting her friend Miss Amy Stover at Rebersburg.

Mrs. N. W. Eby is on the sick list.

N. Lose made a trip to Mifflinburg last week.

Harry Kessinger, of Nittany, is visiting his family this week.

Miss Mabel Bowersox is spending a few weeks with friends in Union county.

Colyer.

Gorge Jordan is spending some time with friends and relatives at Millheim and Spring Bank.

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Slutterbeck and son Charles, spent a day last week at Bellefonte.

Quite a number of young and middle aged people gathered at the home of Mrs. Mary Wingard in honor of George Miller, of Illinois, Wednesday evening. About fifty guests were present; after spending the early part of the evening in various games, refreshments, consisting of oysters, ice cream, cake and candy, were served.

Those on the sick list are Mrs. Wm. Lee and Henry Moyer.

John Moyer and son Henry spent Saturday at Penn Hall, visiting the former's brother, who is seriously ill.

Last week, while George Dunlap was at work in the shops at Burnham, a heavy piece of iron fell on his foot, severing his second toe and crushing his other toes.

Men's $4 shoes will be $3 at the closing out sale. Yeager & Davis.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE—In the Orphans' court of Centre county in the matter of the estate of Jacob Ripka, late of Gregg township, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the afore mentioned court, to make distribution of the balance in the hands of Daniel Ripka, administrator, accountant to and among those legally entitled to receive the same, will meet the parties interested to perform the duties of his Appointment on Friday, the 24th day of February, A. D. 1905, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon. All persons interested are required to be present and prove their claim or be forever debarred from coming in on the said fund.

(Signed) S. KLINE WOODRING,
Feb. 9, 3t Auditor.

For Spring Sewing . . .

To those wishing to do their Spring Sewing we wish to announce that we now have a good line of—

DRESS GINGHAMS
APRON GINGHAMS
SKIRTINGS
MUSLINS
SHIRTINGS, suitable for men's fancy and working shirts.
SHEETINGS, 10-quarter yards wide.
PILLOW CASING, 42 and 45 inches wide.
DRESS GOODS—also a nice line of dress goods.
LADIES' WRAPPERS—A special line of ladies' wrappers, ready made, good quality, good fit.

H. F. ROSSMAN
Spring Mills, Pa.

Come to our store and you will be convinced of a few facts in Footwear . . . . . .

....C. A. KRAPE....
SPRING MILLS, PA.

Kreamer & Son

The New Year has opened and we wish you all abundant success. Your success, in a measure, is determined upon whether you buy your supplies for the family at the lowest prices. We will do this much for you in 1905—offer you all the staple goods, groceries, etc., at the very lowest prices.

F. E. Wieland, Linden Hall.

This week offers you a number of Bargains . . . .

Flour Sifters	10c
Wash Basins	10c
Dish Pans	10c
Stew Pans and Kettles	10c
Pudding Pans, large sizes	10c

On the 10c counter you will find many things you need in the line of Tin Ware. We can show you a complete line of Lamps, Lanterns, Lard Cans, Wash Boilers, Wash Boards, Oil Cloth, Linoleum and almost anything in the Hardware Line at Very Low Prices.

The Centre Hall Roller Flouring Mills
J. H. & S. E. WEBER, Proprietors

WHITE LILLY FLOUR and MILL FEEDS

The Highest Market Prices will be paid for all kinds of Grain—Wheat, Corn, Oats, Barley, Rye, Buckwheat.

Baled Hay and Straw will be bought at all times, at the best prices the market will afford.

COAL All sizes of Coal, the best Grades of Coal to be had, always on hand. We invite school boards to consult with us before placing orders for fuel.

OVER 76 MILLIONS
Represented in the
FREDERICK K. FOSTER AGENCY
WITH FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES ALONE.....
The Largest and Best
Accident Ins. Companies
Bonds of Every Description Plate Glass Insurance at low rates.
Also, District Agent for . . .
The Manhattan Life Insurance Co.

Jno. F. Gray & Son
(Successors to . . . GRANT HOOVER)
Control Sixteen of the Largest Fire and Life Insurance Companies in the World. . . . .
THE BEST IS THE CHEAPEST . . . .
No Mutuals
No Assessments
Before insuring your life see the contract of THE HOME which in case of death between the tenth and twentieth years returns all premiums paid in addition to the face of the policy.
Money to Loan on First Mortgage
Office in Crider's Stone Building
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Telephone Connection

...Pianos and Organs...

THE LESTER PIANO is a strictly high grade instrument, endorsed by the New England Conservatory, Boston, Mass.; Broad Street Conservatory, Philadelphia, Pa., as being unsurpassed for tone, touch and finish.
THE LAWRENCE 7-OCTAVE ORGAN is the only organ with the Saxaphone combination and correctly imitates orchestral instruments. TERMS to suit the buyer. Ask for catalogues and prices.
C. E. ZEIGLER, SPRING MILLS, PA.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer
A high-class preparation for the hair. Keeps the hair soft and glossy and prevents splitting at the ends. Cures dandruff and always restores color to gray hair.
If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

The Strength-Giver
JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE
For WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN

Build up your Health and Strength
with JAYNE'S TONIC VERMIFUGE.
A pleasant, potent and permanent invigorator for WOMEN, CHILDREN and MEN.

WHAT'S THE USE OF SAYING "GIVE ME A 5-CENT CIGAR," WHEN BY ASKING FOR A : :

"CREMO"

YOU GET THE BEST 5-CENT CIGAR IN AMERICA

"The World's Largest Seller"

Belmont is a Sportsman.

August Belmont has always been an enthusiast about all kinds of sport. He now owns a stable of racehorses and a kennel of dogs, keeps several hunters and owns and races a yacht during the season. He used to ride in some of the meetings of the hunt clubs, and "Mr. Blemton's" name was often hung up as the rider of the winner. It is hard to say what Mr. Belmont's favorite sport is, because he patronizes so many.

A silent man is worth listening to.

Difference Exactly Defined.

He was the head of a Harlem household, but his better half usually did the family marketing. One morning recently he was sent around the corner to get some eggs for breakfast. The grocer's clerk danced attendance and was asked, "Have you any eggs?"

"Certainly," was the clerk's response, as he pointed to convenient crates of the coveted breakfast food. One crate was labeled "Fresh eggs" and the other "Strictly fresh eggs."

The customer was a man more skilled in the exactitude of literary expression than the discriminating terms of the market man.

"I fail to understand," said he, "how eggs that are 'fresh' can be less than 'strictly fresh.' What's the difference?"

"Ten cents a dozen," was the quick reply.—New York Tribune.

Execution Checks Outrages.

The execution of two of their leaders has put a temporary check to the machinations of a new Chinese sect named Tsai-Yuan, in Honan, whose program was to destroy all railways and all foreigners on a day to be announced. They hate the present ruler of China, declaring that the real emperor is now residing on the "Mountain of Nine Dragons," and will make his appearance in due time.

Women in Our Hospitals

Appalling Increase in the Number of Operations Performed Each Year—How Women May Avoid Them.

Going through the hospitals in our large cities one is surprised to find such a large proportion of the patients lying on those snow-white beds women and girls, who are either awaiting or recovering from serious operations.

Why should this be the case? Simply because they have neglected themselves. Ovarian and womb troubles are certainly on the increase among the women of this country—they creep upon them unawares, but every one of those patients in the hospital beds had plenty of warning in that bearing-down feeling, pain at left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, leucorrhœa, dizziness, flatulency, displacements of the womb or irregularities. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb, and if not heeded the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation. When these symptoms manifest themselves, do not drag along until you are obliged to go to the hospital and submit to an operation—but remember that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has saved thousands of women from surgical operations

When women are troubled with irregular, suppressed or painful menstruation, weakness, leucorrhœa, displacement or ulceration of the womb, that bearing-down feeling, inflammation of the ovaries, backache, bloating (or flatulency), general debility, indigestion, and nervous prostration, or are beset with such symptoms as dizziness, lassitude, excitability, irritability, nervousness, sleeplessness, melancholy, "all-gone" and "want-to-be-left-alone" feelings, they should remember there is one tried and true remedy.

The following letters cannot fail to bring hope to despairing women.

Mrs. Fred Seydel, 412 N. 54th Street, West Philadelphia, Pa., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I was in a very serious condition when I wrote to you for advice. I had a serious womb and ovarian trouble and I could not carry a child to maturity, and was advised that an operation was my only hope of recovery. I could not bear to think of going to the hospital, so wrote you for advice. I did as you instructed me and took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound; and I am not only a well woman to-day, but have a beautiful baby girl six months old. I advise all sick and suffering women to write you for advice, as you have done so much for me."

Miss Ruby Mushrush, of East Chicago, Ind., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—

"I have been a great sufferer with irregular menstruation and ovarian trouble, and about three months ago the doctor, after using the X-Ray on me, said I had an abcess on the ovaries and would have to have an operation. My mother wanted me to try Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound as a last resort, and it not only saved me from an operation but made me entirely well."

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound at once removes such troubles. Refuse to buy any other medicine, for you need the best.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. Her advice and medicine have restored thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Succeeds Where Others Fail.

LAZY LIVER

"I find Cascarets so good that I would not be without them. I was troubled a great deal with torpid liver and headache. Now since taking Cascarets Candy Cathartic I feel very much better I shall certainly recommend them to my friends as the best medicine I have ever seen."
Anna Basinet, Osborn Mill No. 2, Fall River, Mass.

Best For The Bowels
Cascarets
CANDY CATHARTIC
THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP

Pleasant. Palatable. Potent. Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Gripe. 10c. 25c. 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped CCC Guaranteed to cure or your money back.
Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 601

ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

Coughs

A severe cough is to be dreaded more than any other affliction of mankind. If you have a cough from any cause, send for our book, "Treatment for Diseases," and learn how to cure it with

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

following carefully the special instructions in the wrapper around the bottle. It has cured more cases in the past ninety years than any remedy in use. 25 cents, three times as much 50 cents. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

NOW is YOUR OPPORTUNITY

To buy Stock in the MIDLAND OIL AND GAS COMPANY OF KANSAS Magnificent proposition. 8 Producing Wells. Money for 12 more. Capitalization small. All Treasury Stock. Expect to have 100 Wells soon. Pumping Plant complete, also Tankage. Will pay more in dividends annually than present price of Stock. Company's price now 7 1-2 cents, my price, on account of option, 5 cents per Share. Send check to me for $10.00 to $1,000.00 immediately. References from Maine to California. Address, W. P. FIFE, 1641 Tremont Street, DENVER, COLO.

Garden Truck

can be raised profitably only in soil containing plenty of Potash. All vegetables require a fertilizer containing at least 10 per cent. actual

Potash

Without Potash no fertilizer is complete, and failure will follow its use.

Every farmer should have our valuable books on fertilization—they are not advertising matter booming any special fertilizer, but books of authoritative information that means large profits to the farmers. Sent free for the asking.

GERMAN KALI WORKS
93 Nassau Street, New York.

10,000 Plants for 16c.

More gardens and farms are planted to Salzer's Seeds than any other in America. There is reason for this. We own over 5,000 acres for the production of our warranted seeds. In order to induce you to try them, we make you the following unprecedented offer:

For 16 Cents Postpaid

1000 Early, Medium and Late Cabbages,
2000 Fine Juicy Turnips,
2000 Stumbling Celery,
2000 Rich Nutty Lettuce,
1000 Splendid Onions,
1000 Rare Luscious Radishes,
1000 Gloriously Brilliant Flowers,

Above seven packages contain sufficient seed to grow 10,000 plants, furnishing bushels of brilliant flowers and lots and lots of choice vegetables, together with our great catalog telling all about Flowers, Roses, Small Fruits, etc., all for 16c in stamps and this notice. Big 140-page catalog alone, 4c.

JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO., A.G.L. La Crosse, Wis.

FARM AND GARDEN

FATTENING AND MARKETING.

There is little use in raising a flock of birds and then turn them off on the market when they are poor. The quality is not only poor but the profit is small. A bird that is poor and and weighs three pounds ought to be made to weigh at least five pounds when fat. This would make a gain of two pounds while the price per pound ought to be from ten to twenty per cent. higher. It is true that some grocers make no difference in the price. This is not fair for the man who brings in good poultry, nor will it encourage his customers to bring fine stock. There is a difference noticed when the bird is placed upon the table. A fat bird is worth from three to four times as much as a poor one. If your grocer will not pay you more for nice fat birds, just sell to the consumer yourself and it will not take long to get your customers educated to demanding good poultry, and they will be willing to pay you a good price to get what they can depend upon being fat.

Separate those you intend to fatten from the rest of the flock so you can give them fattening food. It would be well to put them in a small pen so they cannot exercise too much. They should have all they can eat, but nothing should set very long in their pen as it will sour and do more damage than good. It would be well to have the grain where they can have it all the time as it will not spoil very readily. Corn is one of the very best fattening feeds that you can get. It should not be fed alone however. Give them some ground meat or cut green bone if possible. They will greatly relish some green food such as cabbage, turnips or small potatoes. A little parched corn will help to prevent indigestion. Be sure they have plenty of grit for that is the teeth of the bird. The gizzard will have a lot of work to do and it needs the very sharpest of grit. If sand is used it should have sharp edges to work best. The round grains do very little good as grinders. You cannot give them too much milk as long as it is not sour. They should have oats for a change.

As soon as they are fat dispose of them. It will not pay to keep them too long. If you do not sell your birds to your grocer and wish to sell to the consumer direct it would be well to dress them. Tie a string round the feet of the fowl and hang it to the ceiling of a low shed. Then take a sharp pointed knife and stab the bird in the roof of the mouth. This pierces the brain and prevents sense of pain. It is known as the French method of killing. Dry pick at once, being careful to remove all the pin-feathers and not tear the skin. Remove the entrails and head and put away to cool. Wrap each fowl in paper and you are ready to market them.—M. D. H. in Indiana Farmer.

VARIETIES IN STORAGE.

The grower or buyer is advised in a recent bulletin of the New York Experiment Station to learn what varieties are suitable for storage, what conditions must be provided to secure the best and most economical management of the stored fruit, and at what time and under what conditions the different varieties must be put on the market. Apples are exceedingly variable in length of keeping. Early Harvest often becomes too ripe and mealy for choice eating while still upon the tree; while Schodack, in ordinary storage, may keep well until midsummer of the next year. They also vary in behavior in storage, some varieties scalding, shrinking, losing flavor and becoming dull colored and unattractive, while others, after six months' keeping, come out smooth, bright, fragrant and crisp. These variations in behavior are to a great extent varietal characteristics; yet the same variety grown upon sand or upon clay, grown in the North or in the South, grown in a wet season or a dry one, may show very striking differences.

The problem of selecting varieties and storing them properly is therefore, as the author of the bulletin asserts, a complex one, and requires careful study. The efficiency of the different systems of storage differs greatly with different varieties, but in general storage with low temperature secured by the use of ice extends the keeping period from one to four months beyond the limit in ordinary storage, and chemical cold storage prolongs the life of the variety at least half a month—often much longer—beyond the life under ice.—The American Cultivator.

BLANKET YOUR HORSES.

On cold days in former years we have hired a man to carry through our principal streets a placard, "Please blanket your horses while stopping," but out city government (Boston, Mass.) having decided to prohibit the carrying of placards we now have for our man an overcoat bearing on front and back the same inscription in large letters.

A gentleman reports to us that on one of the coldest days he saw the driver of a carriage wrapped up in the blankets that belonged to the horses, but as he saw our man of the overcoat approaching he jumped off his seat in a hurry and put the blankets on the horses.—Our Dumb Animals.

USE WARM WATER.

When the nights are extremely cold, instead of leading the horse to the trough, breaking the crust of ice, and filling the trough with water which is near the freezing point, get a pail and add a little warm water to that which is cold, letting the animal drink from the pail. The feeling of comfort will be made apparent by the action of the horse, which will drink satisfactorily and not as if chilled through when drinking with his nose in the ice. If a few handfuls of meal are added to the tepid water it will be still more palatable and refreshing.

DITCHES IN THE GARDEN.

No garden will give satisfaction if it is cold and wet. The advantage of a few ditches or ties under ground cannot be estimated. The earliest vegetables are produced on warm, dry, mellow soils, and this state cannot be attained until the garden is made so by drainage. Sandy soils drain themselves sufficiently, unless underlaid with clay, when they, too, must be drained in order to allow the surplus moisture to pass off.

Happiness on Condition

The New York World has a cartoon of the President sitting on the Capitol at Washington and saying: "A Happy New Year to all who behave themselves." While the World does not intend it in that way, this saying represents a great truth. A more exact translation of the song of the angels on the first Christmas morning reads:

"Peace on earth to men of good will."

Men who have not a good will will never find peace on earth—or anywhere. The United States may not be used to punish them, but punished they will be in some way or other. The new year will be happy to all who behave themselves, and it will be full of trouble to those who do not—whether they are South American republics, European nations or children in the public schools. It not only pays to be decent, but it is the only common sense thing to do.—Minneapolis Tribune.

Industrial Railways.

Arthur Koppel, the great manufacturer of industrial railways, who has established an office in the United States at 66-68 Broad street, New York, and yards and factories in New Jersey, is prepared to meet the rapidly increasing demand for industrial railways of narrow gauge, such as are now used everywhere in construction work, sawmill business, logging camps, stone quarries, sugar plantations and elsewhere. Mr. Koppel has recently reprinted from Cassire's Magazine a little pamphlet containing an essay "On The Track," by Ernest Weiner, which discusses the value of these railways and the pamphlet includes illustration of rails, switches, turntables and all the accessories, and will be sent to those requesting copies of it by addressing Arthur Koppel, 66-68 Broad street, New York.

He Rode on Handcars.

A letter was received at the Wisconsin Central offices, addressed to J. C. Pond, from White Bear Lake, Minn., containing ninety-four cents in stamps—conscience money. The anonymous sender explained that at divers times he had cheated the company and that his conscience compelled him to make restitution. The letter reads:

"Dear Sir—Enclosed stamps to be added to the Wisconsin Central for riding on handcars and gravel trains and so forth."

The reverse side was filled with the following:

"Six cents more for riding on train when train was wrecked. Please add this to the Wisconsin Central Railroad Company. And please forgive me for my past deceiving life. I know something better now."

After the envelope was closed, the writer evidently felt another twinge of conscience, for he wrote on the back:

"Please forgive me for my crimes. I am sorry for it."—St. Paul Dispatch

Applied the Lesson.

A Philadelphia school mistress was giving her pupils instruction in the elements of physiology, and among other things told them that whenever they moved an arm or a leg it was in response to a message from the brain. "The brain always sends a message to your arm or your leg whenever you wish to move the particular member," she explained.

At last a mischievous boy aroused her anger by his apparent inattention to the lesson.

"Hold out your hand!" she exclaimed.

The boy did not move.

"Why don't you hold out your hand?" said the teacher.

"I'm waiting for the message from my brain," the lad replied.—Philadelphia Public Ledger.

AS TO HAIR BRUSHES.

It is a matter of wonder to women that they can't get a good brush, particularly a hair brush. It may be that a good price is paid for the article and it possesses a beautiful silver mounting, but the bristles come out, and even if they stay in they are so soft as to be absolutely useless.

The reason of the frailties of the average brush on the market are curious and interesting. As a matter of fact, a good brush costs money nowadays. Prices have increased enormously in the last five years. A good hair brush cannot be obtained for less than $4.50, and this not with a filigree silver mounting, but a seasoned hardwood backing. To many persons this would seem like the wildest sort of extravagance. But it is quite the reverse.

A man who deals in hair brushes recently told some interesting facts relative to their quality and manufacture. How to know a good brush, he avers, as difficult for the average customer as to tell of the habits and customs of the North Sea islanders.

"In selecting a brush buy nothing but the real Russian bristles or those coming from the north of Germany," says he, "for the finest quality of bristles come from the wild boar which is found in these localities. Anyone that knows anything about the trade is keenly aware of the rise in price. It has increased from 10 to 20 per cent., and the reason for this is that as the country becomes more thickly settled the boar is driven further and further away, and also is being quickly decimated, as are our buffaloes.

"The bristles of the domestic boar can and are being used, but they lack the quality and stiffness of the wild variety. In the latter case nature has provided a hard coating. One might well wonder how these bristls are secured. The peasants pick them up strand by strand and store them away. It is an interesting custom in Russia for the parents to keep the bristles as a dowry, for their eldest daughter upon her marriage. They gather them in small bundles and tie them. To buy the bristles costs a penny each. Of course, they are much longer than one sees them in the brushes.

"French manufacturers use only the finest bristles in their brushes, a fact which some persons object to. The best brushes are made in England, Americans have not yet begun to compete with the English in this industry, which is yet in its infancy here. As a rule the fancy silver backed brushes are manufactured here and the bristles are exceedingly poor.

"To show you the scarcity of the real Russian bristles an agent of one of the largest English brush manufacturers recently told me that their entire stock of bristles amounted to not more than $10,000. And it was all they could get at the time for love or money.

"It's not fancy what material shall be used as a backing to brushes. For nothing equals in durability a seasoned hardwood. Neither moisture, heat nor cold affects it, and owing to the nature of the material the bristles can be more securely fastened in. Turtleback ebony is perhaps the best of all. It comes from South America and Madagascar also. Is more expensive than ordinary ebony, although the cost of transportation is the same. A big tree, perhaps, will yield only a small quantity, because of the fact that the heart of the wood is very apt to be decayed. Turtle-back ebony shows a faint grain, while the other is dead black—New Haven Register.

JEWELED HATPINS.

The season's great vogue for jeweled ornamentation on every article of feminine attire, from the toe of the dressy slipper to the crown of Directoire hat, has brought forth unusual and innumerable conceits in hatpins, and has changed that woman's sure weapon or defense from an unobstrusive necessity to a brilliant and artistic decoration. Each chapeau has its own set of hatpins, which are never removed from their respective holes. This keeps the hat from being filled with holes and being knocked out of shape by forcing the pins into the stiffening of the frame. Large individual stones imitating sapphire, topaz, ruby, emerald and amethyst, together with the water pearls and cut crystals, all furnish a charming ornamentation in the folds of a soft evening hat or on a severe fur or feather hat.

Lotus flowers, orchids or callas have a long water pearl for their Calyx. For walking hats the athletic girl will find sets of pins showing the miniature brassies, cleeks and drivers of the golf bag, or a tiny ball and bat with the name of her favorite college in enamel. The automobile hatpins resembling a huge safety pin are elaborately bejewelled, and show graceful and grotesque designs in gun metal and gold. These pins are not only a great boon to the fair motorist, but they make a handsome and firm fastening for the chapeau of lace or chiffon.

CHEERFULNESS AT THE TABLE

An old lady who looked as though she might have belonged to the "Sunshine society" all her life was asked by a friend why her never-failing cheerfulness. Her answer contains a suggestive lesson for parents. "I think," said the clever old lady, "it is because we were taught in our family to be cheerful at the table. My father was a lawyer with a large criminal practice; his mind was harassed with difficult problems all the day long, yet he came to the table with a smile and a pleasant greeting for every one and exerted himself to make the table hour delightful. All his powers to charm were freely given to entertain his family.

"Three times a day we felt this genial influence, and the effect was marvelous. If a child came to the table with cross looks he or she was quietly sent away to find a good boy or girl, for only such were allowed to come within that loving circle. We were taught that all petty grievances must be forgotten when meal time came, and the habit of being cheerful three times a day under all circumstances had its effect on even the most sullen temper. Grateful as I am for all the training received in my childhood home, I look back upon the table influence as as among the best of my life."—American Grange Bulletin and Scientific Farmer.

GIRLS' NAMES.

If your name is "Grace" do not spell it "Gracye." If it is "Mary" do not spell it "Maymie." If it is "Katharine" do not spell it "Kathryn." The time may come when these "y" forms, as one might call them, may cease to seem silly and affected, but it has not yet arrived. If you were christened with a name of this description perhaps your parents will allow you to change it into the more dignified and sensible form. If you have been named "Nellie" or "Lutie" or "Myrtle" you may properly, with your parents' permission, call yourself respectively "Helen" or "Ellen," "Lucy" or "Mercy," or even "Myrtle." Almost anything is better than "Myrtle," and the long list of enfeebled and languishing names of the same sort.

It is true that the names in the catalogues of our colleges for women are, as a rule, suitable and dignified, but in a certain large school for girls in "Maymies" and the "Luties" flourish and abound. Such violations of good taste are not crimes against good morals, and yet we wish that some punishment might be devised which might help to banish them faster than the exasperatingly slow process of "universal education."—Harper's Bazar.

RAINY DAY ACCESSORIES.

Two rainy-day accessories are worth owning, says the New York Evening Post. One is an umbrella to put in a dress suit case. The handle and the top piece are both hinged and the umbrella folds into a remarkably small space. Every woman knows what a nuisance an umbrella is when traveling. The suit case is heavy, one's skirts or hat often demand the other hand, and the umbrella is usually the last straw that makes a journey a burden to the flesh. The other rainy-day convenience is a new rubber which is so small that it will hardly serve except in damp weather when the mud is not deep. It amply protects the toe of the boot without projecting far over the toe. In the back there is a fraction of a heel which is hardly noticeable. The rubber stays on well and is more comfortable than the old style with a back strap.

NECK FRILLS.

One may readily copy the newest model neck adornments. If you wear a twelve-and-a-half collar buy 14 inches of white double mousselin plisse, from four to five inches wide. A lace edge should finish this. Hold the plaiting in during the making, so that the ruffle will not split apart where it should join in the back. Finish the top with an upstanding narrow pleating on the same order. The art lies in removing from the wide plaiting its factory top finish, and then joining it to the narrow band without showing seams. If it is necessary to cut off the machine finish of the narrow plaiting also give to the trimming a firmness by backing up the stiches with a narrow white silk binding-ribbon, single or doubled. These ruffs are to be fastened with at least three fancy jeweled pins.

Mountain Railways.

No less than fourteen electric mountain railways are now under way of construction in Switzerland. Within the course of a few years all the leading Alpine heights can be reached by mountain railways. Switzerland is spending many millions on these enterprises, and it is hoped that, with these increasing facilities, the number of tourists will become greater every year. The Jungfrau and Chamounix railways will be completed and open for passenger traffic in about eighteen months, that is to say, by the summer of 1906.—Philadelphia Record.

THE KEYSTONE STATE

Latest News of Pennsylvania Told in Short Order.

Laying his gun down to look into a ground hog hole, at Pen Argyle, W. J. Smith's foot accidentally touched the trigger and the gun was discharged. The load went through Smith's heart and he was instantly killed.

Attorney Lentz has filed his petition with the Board of Pardons, asking that the death sentence of Mrs. Kate Edwards be committed to life imprisonment. Mr. Lentz continues to receive letters at the rate of about fifty a day indorsing the appeal for clemency. More than 20,000 signatures have already been received for the petitions.

In a quarrel over the groundhog at Pottsville H. P. Wilson was stabbed. Wilson contended that on account of the deep snow and cold weather the animal did not come out of his burrow. At the height of the quarrel Harvey Williams, it is alleged, drew a dirk and plunged it into Wilson's bosom. Williams is now a fugitive.

Consternation was caused among the twelve men yet to be tried for alleged complicity in the operations of the Mafia in Carbondale by the announcement that Joseph Cogliandro, one of those indicted, had made a complete confession, telling all about the Mafia and implicating all of the fourteen men under arrest and many more. Because of the fact that some of the men Cogliandro accuses have not been arrested District Attorney Lewis declines to make public the confession. The second of the alleged ringleaders, Frank Muncula, on pleading guilty to robbery by menace, received the full penalty of the law, Judge Edwards sending him to jail for five years and nine months. Muncula admitted having secured $40 from a young Italian by threatening the vengence of the Mafia on him.

Prof. Richard Darlington's hands and face were severely burned in fighting a fire in his home in West Chester, due to the upsetting of a lamp.

While a horse belonging to John Marsh, an East Goshen farmer, was standing hitched along the street at West Chester it became restive from the cold, and in plunging about fell on the top of the hitching post, which pierced the animal's stomach, death resulting in a few minutes.

The prosecution against I. Newton Henderson, Jasper P. Faucet and Charles W. Manley, supervisors of Westtown Township, charged with neglecting to repair a public road near Westtown Friends' Boarding School, has been withdrawn, the matter having been adjusted satisfactorily to all concerned.

The will of Charles Lockhart, the Standard Oil millionaire, whose estate is estimated at a sum between $75,000,000 and $100,000,000, was probated in Pittsburg. After providing for members of his family and friends, Mr. Lockhart bequeaths $360,000 for public benefits. Of this sum, the United Presbyterian Church gets $150,000, divided as follows: Board of Foreign Missions, $50,000; Board of Home Missions, $30,000; Board of Freedmen's Missions, $2000; Board of Church Extension, $10,000; Board of Ministerial Relief, $10,000; Board of Education, $10,000. The Young Men's Christian Association, of Pittsburg, is to get $5000 and the remainder of the bequest is to be divided among local hospitals. Mr. Lockhart cut off his youngest child, Mrs. Sarah Eleanor Flower, with $300,000 because she married against his wishes.

James Kohn, of Doylestown, is sleeping in the open air with the temperature near zero. He is undergoing treatment for pulmonary disease at the home of Dr. Fred Brister, New Britain. His bed is under an open shed, and when he awoke the other morning he found the snow all about him even with his body. He was comfortable all through the storm. Mr. Kohn is rapidly improving under the treatment.

The Governor sent to the Senate the names of the following persons to be members of the Board of Medical Examiners for three years: W. D. Hamaker, of Meadville, and M. P. Dickeson, Glen Riddle, representing the Medical Society of Pennsylvania; J. C. Guernsey, Philadelphia, and Edward Cranch, Erie, representing the Homeopathic Medical Society, and William Rauch, Johnstown, and J. M. Louther, Somerset, representing the Eclectic Medical Society.

Hydrophobia caused the death of James Foulk, 9 years old, of Plymouth Township. He had suffered for a week as the result of a dog's savage attack six weeks ago. While coasting down Germantown Pike a dog attacked Foulk and a companion. Foulk pluckily fought the animal, but the dog sank its teeth into the boy and frightfully tore and lacerated his face.

At the funeral of Amos Shaner, aged 95 years, in North Coventry Township, Chester County, the average age of the six pall-bearers was 77 years. They were Jonathan Freigh, 78; Samuel Ecker, 72; Isaac Ortlip, 83; John Urwin, 72; Fred Freigh, 72, and William Rador, 82. John Shaner, the undertaker is 72 years old.

Considerable surprise was occasioned in Hazleton when officials of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company posted a notice to the effect that until further notice the colleries would operate three days a week. The same condition prevails at the collieries of the individual operators. No one seems to be able to tell just what the curtailment means at this time, and the only answer the officials make is that there is a surplus of coal at tidewater.

Ralph Crowl, the young man who held up a trolley car on the Philadelphia and West Chester line a few weeks ago, and robbed the conductor in wild West fashion at the point of two big revolvers, was convicted in court at West Chester and sentenced to serve ten years in the Penitentiary.

Andrew Houseman, of Plymouth Township, was emerging from a cut in a huge drift of snow near Hickorytown, in his sleigh, when a Chestnut Hill trolley car struck the sl-igh, knocking Houseman into the snow.

COMMERCIAL REVIEW.

R. G. Dun & Co.'s "Weekly Review of Trade" says:

Storms at home and complications abroad tended to check activity in commercial and financial markets, but most industrial lines continue busy, testifying to confidence that trade interruption will be brief. Prior to the bad weather there was liberal distribution of merchandise at steady prices, but subsequently a sharp advance occurred in retail prices of food products, owing to restricted receipts at points of heavy consumption. Country merchants at the South have large stocks that move slowly because of the decline in cotton and collections are slow.

New England manufacturing plants are well engaged, especially in machinery, jewelry and textiles, but buyers have left the Boston footwear market without placing contracts, owing to disagreement as to prices.

Production of pig iron continues at the maximum rate, yet there is no evidence of a reaction. Ample water supply has made it possible to maintain Connellsville coke production at the remarkable average of 300,000 tons weekly.

Failures this week numbered 305 in the United States against 302 last year, and 43 in Canada, compared with 28 a year ago.

Bradstreet's says: Wheat, including flour, exports for the week ending January 26 are 1,101,587 bushels, against 1,138,974 last week; 2,917,602 this week last year; 4,420,065 in 1903 and 3,702,368 in 1902. Corn exports for the week are 3,035,733 bushels, against 3,186,529 last week; 1,469,396 a year ago; 2,045,000 in 1903, and 427,018 in 1902.

WHOLESALE MARKETS.

Baltimore.—FLOUR—Quiet and unchanged; receipts, 4,751 barrels; exports, 312 barrels.

WHEAT—Unsettled; spot, contract, 1.14@1.14¼; spot, No. 2 red Western, 1.15@1.15¼; January, 1.14@1.14¼; February, 1.14¼@1.14½; March, 1.15¾@1.15½; May, 117 asked; steamer No. 2 red, 1.06½@1.06¾; receipts, 12,089 bushels; Southern by sample, 1.00@1.15; Southern on grade, 1.03@1.15.

CORN—Easier; spot, January, February and March, 50¾@50⅞; May, 50@50⅛; steamer mixed, 48½@48⅝; receipts, 43,503 bushels; Southern white and yellow corn, 44¾@49¼.

OATS—Steady; No. 2 white, 37¼@37½; No. 2 mixed, 36½@37; receipts, 6,912 bushels.

RYE—Steady; No. 2 Western uptown, 86@87.

BUTTER—Firm and unchanged; fancy imitation, 22@23; fancy creamery, 30@31; fancy ladle, 19@20; store packed, 15@18.

EGGS—Easy, 23c.

CHEESE—Firm and unchanged; large, 12¼@12½; medium, 12¼@12¼; small, 12¾@13.

SUGAR—Strong and unchanged; coarse granulated and fine, 6.25.

New York.—BUTTER—Easy; receipts, 2,967; street price, extra creamery, 29@29¼; official prices, creamery, common to extra, 19@29; State dairy, thirds to firsts, 21@26; renovated, common to extra, 15@23.

CHEESE—Firm, unchanged; receipts, 323.

EGGS—Weak; receipts, 6,021; State, Pennsylvania and nearby, fancy selected white, extra, 30@32; do., choice, 28@29; do., mixed, fancy, 27; Western, selected, choice, 26; do., average best, 25; Southerns, 19@25; refrigerators, 17@22.

POULTRY—Alive firm; Western chickens, 12; fowls, 14½; turkeys, 13@14;; dressed firm; Western chickens, 13@14; fowls, 13@13¼; turkeys, 15@20.

FLOUR—Receipts, 30,649 barrels; exports, 4,579 barrels; dull and lower; winter patents, 5.30@5.85; winter straights, 5.25@5.40; Minnesota patent, 5.80@6.20.

BUCKWHEAT FLOUR—Dull; per 100 pounds, 2.00@2.10.

HIDES—Firm; California, 21 to 25 pounds, 19.

PORK—Barely steady; short clear, 13.00@15.50.

COTTONSEED OIL—Firm; prime yellow, 23¾@24½.

POTATOES—Dull; Long Island, 1.75@2.00; State and Western, 1.25@1.50; Jersey sweets, 2.00@3.75.

PEANUTS—Steady; fancy hand picked, 5¼@5½; other domestic, 3¼@5½.

CABBAGES—Easy; flat Dutch, per 100, 2.00@3.00.

Live Stock.

New York.—BEEVES—Steers slow and lower; some sales of good cattle 20c to 25c lower. Steers, 3.70 to 5.60; bulls, 2.75 to 3.80; cows, 1.50 to 3.65. Cables quoted live cattle and sheep steady; refrigerator beef selling at 10½c to 10¼c per pound. Exports tomorrow, 550 beeves, and 5,416 quarters of beef.

CALVES—Veals about steady, quality considered; Western and barnyard calves lower. Veals, 5.00 to 9.25; no prime veals here; Westerns, 3.00; barnyard calves, 3.25. Dressed calves steady.

SHEEP AND LAMBS—Sheep nominally steady; lambs slow and easier. Medium to good lambs, 7.25 to 7.70. No sales of sheep.

Chicago.—CATTLE—Market strong. Good to prime steers, 5.70@6.25; poor to medium, 3.75@5.60; stockers and feeders, 2.25@4.25; cows, 1.25@4.40; heifers, 2.00@5.10; canners, 1.25@2.45; bulls, 2.10@4.00; calves, 3.90@7.00.

HOGS—Market strong. Mixed and butchers, 4.45@4.65; good to choice heavy, 4.62½@4.70; rough heavy, 4.45@4.55; light, 4.40@4.57½; bulk of sales, 4.50@4.60.

MUCH IN LITTLE.

There are more than 50,000 electricians in the United States.

Russia has a per capita investments in industrial enterprises of $4, while the United States has $125.

Wages of the switchmen of the Delaware, Lackawanna and Western Railroad have been increased 4 to 6 cents an hour and their hours have been reduced.

By the recent invention of an automatic machine for the blowing of beer bottles it is said that 2,220 beer-bottle blowers throughout the country will be thrown out of employment.

Justice Scott, of the Supreme Court of New York, has denied the right of a labor union to expel a member without permitting him to be present when charges against him have been preferred.

AN OLD MAN'S TRIBUTE.

An Ohio Fruit Raiser, 78 Years Old, Cured of a Terrible Case After Ten Years of Suffering.

Sidney Justus, fruit dealer, of Mentor, Ohio, says: "I was cured by Doan's Kidney Pills of a severe case of kidney trouble, of eight or ten years' standing. I suffered the most severe backache and other pains in the region of the kidneys. These were especially severe when stooping to lift anything, and often I could hardly straighten my back. The aching was bad in the daytime, but just as bad at night, and I was always lame in the morning. I was bothered with rheumatic pains and dropsical swelling of the feet. The urinary passages were painful, and the secretions were discolored and so free that often I had to rise at night. I felt tired all day. Half a box served to relieve me, and three boxes effected a permanent cure."

SIDNEY JUSTUS.

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cts.

Benjamins Franklin's Courant.

Thomas C. Bradbury of Biddeford, Me., is the owner of a copy of the New England Courant, which is dated "From Feb. 4 to Feb. 11, 1723." The copy, which is devoted for the most part to a speech of the king, states that the Courant "is printed and sold by Benjamin Franklin."

Reason and Its Lack.

Cholly—"But—aw—why do you say you don't like my face?"

Miss Pert—"Because."

Cholly—"Ah! but that's not a pwoper answer; there's no reason in that."

Miss Pert—"Well, there's none in your face, either."—Philadelphia Press.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven Catarrh to be a constitutional disease and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation

Didn't Need Money.

Dixon—"How is your artist friend getting along in New York?"

Tomson—"Oh, splendidly!"

Dixon—"Have you heard from him?"

Tomson—"No; that's the reason I know he's prospering."—Detroit Free Press.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer. $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa

London society women are forming "prayer circles."

Mother Gray's Sweet Powders For Children

Successfully used by Mother Gray, nurse in the Children's Home in New York. Cure Feverishness, Bad Stomach, Teething Disorders, move and regulate the Bowels and Destroy Worms. Over 30,000 testimonials. At all druggists, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

In China and India the finest tea costs only six or eight cents a pound.

To Cure a Cold in One Day

Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on box. 25c.

The cellar in the Bank of France resembles a large warehouse.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, soften the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle

Galalith, or "milk-stone," is being much used for decorating.

GRATEFUL TO CUTICURA

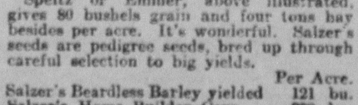
For Instant Relief and Speedy Cure of Raw and Scaly Humor, Itching Day and Night—Suffered For Months.

"I wish you would publish this letter so that others suffering as I have may be helped. For months awful sores covered my face and neck, scabs forming, itching terribly day and night, breaking open, and running blood and matter. I had tried many remedies, but was growing worse, when I started with Cuticura. The first application gave me instant relief, and when I had used two cakes of Cuticura Soap and three boxes of Cuticura Ointment, I was completely cured. (Signed) Miss Nellie Vander Wiele, Lakeside, N.Y."

Only one man in 700 pays an income tax in India.

The U. S. Dept. of Agriculture

gives to Salzer's Oats its heartiest endorsement. Salzer's New National Oats yielded in 1904 from 150 to 300 bu. per acre in 30 different States, and you, Mr. Farmer, can beat this in 1905, if you will.



Speltz or Emmer, above illustrated, gives 80 bushels grain and four tons hay besides per acre. It's wonderful. Salzer's seeds are pedigree seeds, bred up through careful selection to big yields.

	Per Acre.
Salzer's Beardless Barley yielded	121 bu.
Salzer's Home Builder Corn...	300 bu.
Speltz and Macaroni Wheat....	80 bu.
Salzer's Victoria Rape.....	60,000 lbs.
Salzer's Teosinte Fodder.....	160,000 lbs.
Salzer's Billion Dollar Grass...	50,000 lbs.
Salzer's Pedigree Potatoes.....	1,000 bu.

Now such yields pay and you can have them, Mr. Farmer, in 1905.

SEND 10c IN STAMPS

and this notice to the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., and you will get their big catalog and lots of farm seed samples free. [A. C. L.]

The best paid clergy in Siberia get about $600 a year.

BIRD INVESTS WITH POWER.

Superstition Connected with Jeweled Toy of England's King.

When as a girl Amelie de France, now Queen of Portugal, first visited Windsor Castle, the mystic jeweled bird which was taken from the throne of Tippoo Sahib and presented by the East India Company to George III., was the object of her profoundest admiration. In fact, it fascinated her romantic soul, and Queen Victoria, who had a strong strain of romance in her nature, quite understood her young guest's feeling, so she ordered the bird to be taken to the princess' apartment, in order that a sketch might be made of the treasure. The first thing the Queen of Portugal asked for the night she entered the banqueting hall on the King's arm and saw the blaze of the celebrated gold plate upon the buffet, was this jeweled bird! His majesty immediately ordered that it should be placed upon the table in front of the Queen, that she might gaze upon it at her leisure.

There are many legends woven about that bird. A London journal says the Hindoos call it "Uma," and they say that whoever owns Uma must reign over India. It is supposed to have the gift of locomotion, and it alights upon the head of whosoever it endows with royal power. It is about twelve inches long, and is shaped like a pigeon with an exaggerated tail. Rubies, brilliants, emeralds and pearls are sewn about the quivering feathers of filagree gold work; it holds a priceless ruby in its beak, and an emerald of great size and luster hangs from its breast. The bird shares with the Kohinoor the superstitious regard of the Hindoos. While the Uma folds its wings in the castle on the Thames, and while the Kohinoor blazes in the English crown, there is nothing else to do but be as good subjects of King Edward as may be. It is the will of the gods.

Japanese Retort Courteous.

Nagahaki, the celebrated Japanese juggler, was a great favorite wherever he went, and just before the present war broke out he was performing in St. Petersburg.

When hostilities commenced he had to clear out, and his admirers, among whom were many officers of the garrison, gave him a farewell supper.

At the close of the banquet they were wishing him "Goodby" when some of them exclaimed, "Not goodby, but only au revoir, for we shall be drinking your health in champagne in Tokio before the year is out."

"I am afraid not," replied Nagahaki, gravely. "Japan is a poor country, remember, and I fear we shall not be able to give our prisoners champagne."

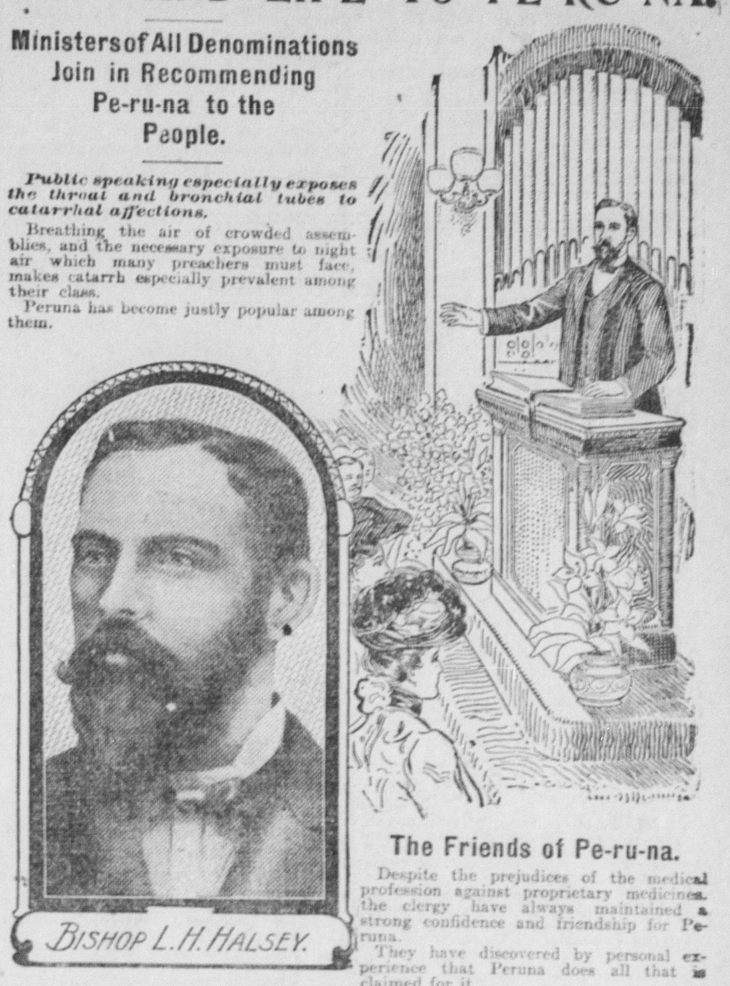
BISHOP OWES HEALTH AND LIFE TO PE-RU-NA.

Ministers of All Denominations Join in Recommending Pe-ru-na to the People.

Public speaking especially exposes the throat and bronchial tubes to catarrhal affections.

Breathing the air of crowded assemblies, and the necessary exposure to night air which many preachers must face, makes catarrh especially prevalent among their class.

Peruna has become justly popular among them.



BISHOP L. H. HALSEY.

The Friends of Pe-ru-na.

Despite the prejudices of the medical profession against proprietary medicines, the clergy have always maintained a strong confidence and friendship for Peruna.

They have discovered by personal experience that Peruna does all that is claimed for it.

The Bishop's Strong Tribute to Pe-ru-na.

L. H. Halsey, Bishop C. M. E. Church, Atlanta, Ga., writes:

"I have found Peruna to be a great remedy for catarrh. ***I have suffered with this terrible disease for more than twenty years,*** until since I have been using Peruna, which has relieved me of the trouble.

"I have tried many remedies and spent a great deal of hard-earned money for them, ***but I found nothing so effectual in the cure of catarrh as the great medicine, Peruna.***

"I feel sure that Peruna is not only a triumph of medical science, but it is also a blessing to suffering humanity.

"Every individual who suffers with respiratory diseases will find Peruna a magnificent and sovereign remedy."—L. H. Halsey, Bp. C. M. E. Church.

Peruna is the most prompt and sure remedy for catarrh that can be taken.

Many a preacher has been able to meet his engagements only because he keeps on hand a bottle of Peruna, ready to meet any emergency that may arise.

We have on file many letters of recommendation like the one given above. We can give our readers only a slight glimpse of the vast number of grateful letters Dr. Hartman is constantly receiving, in praise of his famous catarrh remedy, Peruna.

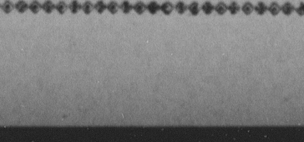
GOOD LUCK

Baking Powder PREMIUMS

The next time you need Baking Powder be sure to ask your grocer for the **Good Luck** brand. You will get the greatest satisfaction from Good Luck Baking Powder because of its positive purity, great leavening force and the reasonable price at which it is sold. Furthermore, by using Good Luck you can get beautiful **free** premiums. The gilt clock shown above is one of the presents you can get by saving Good Luck coupons. There is a coupon *on the label* of each can. Cut them out, save them and get the numerous useful gifts. A little book inside of each can illustrates and explains all about the premiums, and tells how to get them free. So great is the demand for

GOOD LUCK Baking Powder

This is the Coupon found on every can.


Solid Carload GOOD LUCK BAKING POWDER
CUT OUT THIS CAN AND GIVE IT. THEY ARE GOOD FOR VALUABLE ARTICLES. SEE LIST IN EACH CAN. Address THE SOUTHERN MFG. CO. OF RICHMOND, VA.
1 LB.

that we are shipping it in carload and trainload lots to all parts of the country. Don't forget in buying "Good Luck" you get the *most* of the *best* at the *lowest cost*. Start to-day with a pound can (16c.), enjoy your baking and get the beautiful premiums.

If your grocer doesn't sell "Good Luck" send us his name and we will see that you are supplied.

THE SOUTHERN MFG. CO., Richmond, Virginia.

PUTNAM FADELESS DYES

Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One 10c package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well, and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c a package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Mo.

Mexican Central's net profits in December increased $123,948.

Piso's Cure for Consumption is an infallible medicine for coughs and colds.—N. W. SAMUEL, Ocean Grove, N. J., Feb. 17, 1900.

Two out of every 1000 of Russia's people are sightless.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.

Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists will refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Fifteen war vessels are under construction in the docks of Germany.

Itch cured in 30 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never fails. Sold by all druggists, $1. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind.

There are 2,500,000 acres of cork forests in Algeria.

WINCHESTER

Take-Down Repeating Shotguns

Don't spend from $50 to $200 for a gun, when for so much less money you can buy a Winchester Take-Down Repeating Shotgun, which will outshoot and outlast the highest-priced double-barreled gun, besides being as safe, reliable and handy. Your dealer can show you one. They are sold everywhere.

FREE: Our 160-Page Illustrated Catalogue.

WINCHESTER REPEATING ARMS CO. NEW HAVEN, CONN.

MARRIAGE PAPER. Photos, names and full address. Correspond without further expense. 20c. silver. E. Box 76, Waltham, Mass.

ADVERTISE IN THIS PAPER BNU 6 IT PAYS

The Great Nonesuch Remedy

ST. JACOBS OIL

The old monk cure, strong, straight, sure, has for a large part of a century battled with and conquered

Aches and Pains

the world over. Price 25c. and 50c.

PENSION FOR AGE. A new order will give pension for age. Write me at once for blanks and instructions. Free of charge. No Pension, No Pay. Address W. H. WILLS, Wills Building, 312 Indiana Ave., Washington, D. C. Patents and Trade-Marks solicited.

RIPANS TABULES are the best dyspepsia medicine ever made. A hundred millions of them have been sold in a single year. Constipation, heartburn, sick headache, dizziness, bad breath, sore throat and every illness arising from a disordered stomach are relieved or cured by Ripans Tabules. One will generally give relief within twenty minutes. The five-cent package is enough for an ordinary occasion. All druggists sell them.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. CONSUMPTION 25 CTS

If afflicted with weak eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

THE CENTRE REPORTER.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 9, 1905.

CHURCH APPOINTMENTS.

Presbyterian—Centre Hall, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon.

Reformed—Union, morning; Spring Mills, afternoon; Centre Hall, evening.

Lutheran—Georges Valley, morning; Centre Hall, afternoon; Tusseyville, evening.

Evangelical—Lemont, morning; Linden Hall, afternoon.

Boalsburg Reformed—Pine Hall, morning, communion; Pine Grove, afternoon.

[Appointments not given here have not been reported to this office.]

SALE REGISTER.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE of Penns Cave and farm of two hundred acres, February 10th, Friday, 10 a. m. See adv. elsewhere.

L. A. KREITZER, AGENT, MARCH 2, Thursday, 12 o'clock, on the J. R. Bible farm, near Sprucetown: 2 horses, 4 cows, 1 heifer, two-horse wagon, sled, spring wagon, top buggy, cutter, Johnson mower, hay rake, harness, household goods, etc.; ⅗ interest in 12 acres of grain, hay by the ton.

JOHN KLINE & SON, MARCH 8, Wednesday, Oak Hall, 8 head of horses, 7 milch cows, 21 head of young cattle, 19 shoats, 5 brood sows, farm implements, household goods, also a 250 egg incubator.

B. GARDNER GROVE, MARCH 9, Thursday, 9 o'clock, three miles east of Centre Hall, on Brush Valley road: 2 work horses, team of mules, 2 colts, eight milch cows, one bull, 16 young cattle, 33 sheep, 25 hogs, full line of farm implements.

JOHN H. SNYDER, MARCH 1, Wednesday, 10 a. m., ½ mile east of Centre Hall—Two work horses, 3 milch cows, 3 heifers, 2 head young cattle. Full line of farm implements.

WM. SCHOLL, MARCH 15, Wednesday, Centre Hall.

J. A. McCLINTIC, MARCH 16, Thursday, Farmers Mills, farm stock and implements.

J. FRANK BIBLE, MARCH 21, Tuesday, 12 o'clock, on the Kerr farm one mile north-east of Centre Hill. Two work horses, both leaders, weighing 1300 lbs.; six milch cows; two heifers, coming fresh this spring; three head of young cattle; brood sow; Osborne mower, Albright hay rake, Hench cultivator, Oliver chilled plow, Centre Hall corn planter, spring harrow—these implements are all new, used but two years, also other implements; new top buggy, harness, etc.; also lot of household goods.

CLYDE P. WIELAND, MARCH 22, Wednesday, 10 o'clock, at Linden Hall: 6 horses, 11 milch cows, 17 young cattle, 15 sheep, 40 hogs, full line of implements.

J. K. BITNER, MARCH 24, Friday, one mile east of Penn Hall: Horses, cattle, farm implements, etc.

O. L. RISHEL, MARCH 27, Monday, 12 o'clock, 1½ miles west of Boalsburg: 4 horses, 4 cows, 5 young cattle, one hog, full line of implements.

P. A. AUMAN, MARCH 28, Tuesday, one mile east of Old Fort. Farm stock and implements.

No Radical Liquor Acts to Pass.

Influential Republicans have announced that no radical liquor acts will pass this session. This applies to the proposition in favor of a general local option law and other restrictive bills.

Potatoes Beat a Record.

The potato crop of 1604 beat a record, being 40,000,000 bushels more than the banner crop of 1896. The three years' totals are: 1902, 284,000,000 bushels; 1903, 247,090,000 bushels; 1904, 332,000,000 bushels, twenty bushels for every family in the country.

Odd Fellows Prepare for Anniversary.

The program for the twenty-first annual session of the Pennsylvania Odd Fellows' Anniversary Association to be held in Sunbury is about completed. Sessions will be held in the hall of Sunbury Lodge, No. 203, when the eighty-sixth anniversary of Odd Fellowship in America will be fittingly celebrated. The Fourth Regiment of the Second Brigade, Patriarchs Militant, will be in attendance and a number of Grand Lodge officers will be present.

Died at Warren.

W. O. Krise received a telegram last Thursday from Dr. Morris S. Guth, Superintendent of the Hospital for Insane, at Warren, notifying him of the death of Mrs. Mary Knoffsinger, at that institution.

Mrs. Knoffsinger was the widow of the late James Knoffsinger, of Pleasant Gap. Becoming somewhat unbalanced in her mind after the death of her husband, Mr. Krise, who had been appointed by the court as her guardian, had her removed to a hospital for the insane about a year and a half ago. Burial took place at Warren.

Visited Pastor.

Some fifty members and friends of the Lemont congregation of the United Evangelical church drove to Centre Hall Tuesday of last week to visit their pastor, Rev. J. F. Shultz, and brought with them a large donation.

Rev. Shultz is closing his fourth years' pastorate on his present charge, and according to the church government he will be located elsewhere after the first of March. The act related above shows the esteem in which the pastor is held by one of the strongest congregations of the charge.

Transfer of Real Estate.

Cyrus Brungart, sheriff, to Nancy Cook, May 8, 1901, lot in Bellefonte. $50.

Catharine Maustin, et. bar., to Bernard McHugh, Nov. 25, 1904, lot in Rush twp. $100.

E. Tyson's exrs. to J. W. Lukens, Oct. 29, 1904, lot No. 64 in Philipsburg. $1600.

Annie M. Hassinger, et. bar., to John T. Baylets, Sept. 4, 1903, 20 acres 60 perches in Boggs twp. $160.

Catharine V. Yearick, et. bar., to Jonathan S. Condo, Jan. 17, 1905, house and lot in Jacksonville. $525.

Nancy C. Spotts, et. bar., to Christina Thomas, Feb. 29, 1900, Worth twp. $300.

Men's $3.50 dress shoes now $2.50. Yeager & Davis.

PHOTOGRAPHER'S SAD PLIGHT.

Man Suddenly Appears at State College and Causes Pair's Arrest.

Captain M. A. Caulkins, a traveling photographer, appeared in Bellefonte December 15 with a young woman who passed as his wife. They took a room at Philip Beezer's boarding house and remained there several weeks. Caulkins said he was authorized to organize Sons of Veterans' camps and had Gregg Post, G. A. R., of Bellefonte interested.

The pair went to State College Wednesday of last week, and Samuel C. Hoovler, of Tionesta, who says he is the husband of the woman, appeared in Bellefonte with his father, J. C. Hoovler, and a warrant was issued for the arrest of the pair, charging them with elopement. They were placed in the county jail, when the woman fainted several times, it being necessary to call a physician. Their hearing took place Thursday morning.

The woman's attacks during the night rendered her very weak, and when taken to Justice Keichline's office she fainted, and it was thought she would die. She became delirious and pleaded for her mother. She is very ill and likely will be sent to the hospital.

Caulkins was held under $500 bail, and being unable to secure it was sent back to prison. Mrs. Hoovler is said to have left a husband and two children at Tionesta, and Caulkins a wife and three children at Oil City.

Writing Fluid.

The best writing fluid on the market may be secured at the Reporter office. This fluid is refilled from large bottles into smaller ones, and is not the grade commonly sold in small quantities.

Selling the Johnson Machines.

J. H. and S. E. Weber, Centre Hall and Oak Hall, are selling the Johnson Harvester Company's Binders, Mowers, Rakes, Tedders and Harrows. This Company is not in the trust, and it will pay all farmers to see us before buying. o7

Broke His Leg.

Among the unfortunate beginning of this week was Thomas Brungart, who lives two miles east of Wolf's Store. He was walking from his home toward the stable, when he tripped on a short board, falling with such force as to break the bone in his leg between the knee and ankle. Dr. Braucht reduced the fracture.

LOCALS.

Big saving in rubbers and rubber boots. Yeager & Davis.

J. G. Dauberman has been shipping a large number of dressed hogs.

Now is the time to buy shoes for your children. Yeager & Davis.

J. F. Rearick has changed his location from Lewisburg to Elizabethtown, Lancaster county.

Remember our sacrifice sale of shoes starts on the 16th of Feb. Yeager & Davis.

Notable days in February—Sunday, 12th, Lincoln's birthday; Tuesday, 14th, Valentine Day; Wednesday, 22nd, Washington's birthday.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Musser, of Dixon, Minnesota, are making a visit to friends in Penns Valley. This is their first trip east in twenty-five years.

Prof. C. E. McCloskey, of Dickinson Seminary, Williamsport, has been placed at the head of the institution for the balance of the school year.

A Beautiful Memorial.

The great St. Louis Exposition of 1904, unrivalled as the greatest of all the World's fair's, is now a scene of desolation. Fortunately, the beauties of its magnificent architecture and fairy-like palaces are preserved in a series of thirty artistic portfolios, containing several hundred views of the buildings and scenes at the Fair, from photographs taken especially for the work by the official photographer of the Exposition, and constituting a permanent memorial of its vanished grandeur. They were designed to sell at $7.50, but the New York World has made special arrangements to furnish a limited number of sets at cost—$3.00 for the set of thirty. Address, The World, P. O. Box 1730, New York.

Building at Howard Collapses.

Tuesday of last week about 4 o'clock the large new main building of the Howard brick works collapsed under the weight of the new slate roof, which Contractor William Austin was in the process of putting on, and carried with it Joseph Schwenk and Nathaniel Pletcher, who were on the roof at the time, breaking Schwenk's left leg and otherwise bruising him and badly bruising and cutting Pletcher.

The building was 40x120 in dimensions, and was regarded as a substantial structure. When the crash came Contractor Austin was inside, but succeeded in getting from under the falling wreckage. Five other men were under the roof, but they also succeeded in getting out, but without a second's time to spare. Had they been caught all would undoubtedly have been killed.

An immense sacrifice in children's shoes. Yeager & Davis.

(Continued from First Page.)

Marshall College who did some very queer things, but when he went before his history class to teach a battle, the battle field was there before their eyes, and the students were compelled to take sides with one army or the other.

Dr. Harbaugh once saw a sign which read "A Live Blacksmith," and he wrote an article which attracted a great deal of attention, in which he showed the need of life and enthusiasm in all of our work. What we need is not teachers who, at the end of the day lock the door with a sigh of relief, the only regret being that it must be reopened the next day. What we need is teachers who are alive, in earnest. The ancient Greeks despised those who taught for money. I do not mean to say that teachers should work without pay. Their salaries ought to be much larger. But we ought not to teach for money only, but for the love and interest we have for the children. The teacher has a position little lower, if any, than the minister, and we ought to be in earnest. The word enthusiasm means "God within." It is the teacher who has God in his work who will arouse interest on the part of the pupils.

"Variety is the very spice of life," and this is especially true in some branches of school work. If we wish to arouse interest we must devise means by which to vary the work and relieve the monotony.

We can do a great deal towards arousing interest by showing how studies are related to one another and to the human life today. Show how mathematics is involved in all our business transactions; how events of today depend upon happenings thousands of years ago; how our very alphabet we get from the ancient Egyptians. We must often first educate the tastes of those whom we would help.

Above all, we must first beget in those whom we would help, a new birth. To quote the words of another, "One of the chief blessings of education is the opening of the eyes and ears, the quickening of the senses of touch and taste, so that the individual may be brought into vital relations with the universe of being around him. Few men, if any, see everything in their surroundings. They see only those things for which the eye of the soul has been opened." That is our work as teachers. We must first beget in our pupils a new spirit, we must open their eyes and ears, and if we do this, the question of arousing interest in uninteresting things will largely solve itself.

Harry F. Burkholder: In order to create interest the teacher must have a thorough knowledge of the subject he is teaching, which will gain the confidence of the pupils. The teachers interest in the lesson taught begets interest in the pupils, their interest secures attention, and interest and attention insure application and progress. One of the chief causes of lack of interest in pupils is the lack of scholarship in the teacher.

"Are monthly tests beneficial and in what way?"

J. R. Bible: Pupils so often fail to realize the full meaning of their school duties, but think it a mere process of repetition from day to day of material of no visible import, and therefore of no further use beyond the hour of recitation, not knowing that the primary object of all education is expansion and development of the mind. Monthly tests, or still better, more frequent reviews, have a great influence to fix facts in the memory. The improvement of the memory requires the cultivation of the habit of attention; intense application of the mind.

Prof. W. A. Krise read an appropriate poem.

"Reading and composition methods," was the last topic discussed Saturday forenoon. Miss Edna Krumrine was the first speaker. Through an error the notes prepared for this report are not on hand.

Miss Rebecca J. Moyer: Composition is such an important part of a child's education that it should be begun immediately upon the pupil's entrance into school. At first complete oral sentences, and later the work should be written.

The stated rules of composition, such as the use of commas, periods, capital letters and the interrogation point, should be taught from the beginning, and thus ward off mistakes that are hard to remedy in more advanced work.

To have pupils reproduce stories read to them or by themselves, to describe familiar objects and games, and plenty of practice in letter-writing—all these furnish material for composition work. But a thorough interest in this work must be aroused to make it effective.

Such work, except that it shall be more advanced, should be continued through the higher grades, as they will find it very beneficial throughout their work.

As to methods in reading and creating interest in reading there are an infinite number of devices. Clearness of voice, good enunciation, perfectness of expression, proper inflection and an intelligent manner are all essentials to be striven after by the teacher.

The Saturday afternoon session was occupied by a talk on "Leaks in the Public Schools" by Superintendent C. L. Gramley.

WAR AIDS AMERICANS.

American Missionary Tells How Noblemen Vie in Honoring Yankee Families.

The Rev. J. P. Moore, a missionary of the Reformed church, in Japan, in a letter written from Tokio, says that one of the results of the Russo-Japanese war is the growing feeling of friendliness among the Japanese for foreigners, especially for Americans. To be an American or Englishman in these days, he says, is to have special favors shown to you.

Mr. Moore writes: "Some of the younger members of the high-class families seek entrance into foreign families, even into missionary families, because of the advantages afforded them in such homes. I have had a Prince visit me from time to time, for the purpose of receiving instruction in English and to cultivate social and friendly intercourse.

"We now have living with us two grown-up sons of General Kuroki, commander of the first Japanese army, and the hero of many battles. This shows that the best classes of the nation have the highest confidence in, and respect for, the people who hail from America."

LARGE PUBLIC SALE of contractor's stock and outfit will be sold at public sale at the Farmers Hotel Stables, Valley Street, Lewistown, Pa., on

SATURDAY, MARCH 4, 1905,

the following personal property: 25 head of horses and mules, 8 cows, large Alderny bull, six year old bay horse, works in all harness, 2 seven year old bay mares, good drivers and work anywhere; seven year old bay saddle mare, eight year old black mare, good single line leader; eight year old saddle horse and a good worker; 2 nine and sixteen year old bay mares, one good leader and both will work anywhere; nine year old bay mare, ten year old bay horse, works anywhere; 2 twelve year old bay horses, both single line leaders; twelve year old black horse, good single line leader; twelve year old black mare, good leader; fifteen year old gray horse, pair of eight year old mules, mouse colored and black, both single line leaders, good weight; pair brown mules, six and ten years old, one a single line leader; pair of dun mules, ten and twelve years old, both good single line leaders, 2000 to 2100 pounds; pair black mules, ten and twelve years old, work anywhere, 2000 to 2100 lbs.; pair dun and brown mules, work anywhere, about 2000 lbs. Five young Holstein cows, all springing, 3 other ones will be fresh by day of sale; 5 wagons and beds, all in good condition, 2 nearly new; 5 carts, heavy spring wagon, all in good shape; 4 sets of rail beds, 3 stone beds, pair light bobs, nearly new; 10 sets double harness, 30 collars, 10 pair of choke straps, 10 pair check lines, 10 pair bridles, 11 sets of cart harness, 15 stable blankets, 25 halters, lot of pads and hames, and a lot of odds and ends, 10 pair breast chains, lot of butt chains, stay chains, tie chains, fifth chains, spreader chains, double trees, single trees, picks, shovels, open links, open rings, clevises, wrenches of all kinds, 150 feet of 1 1-2 inch rope with hinge pulley, all as good as new, 135 feet of 1 1-4 inch rope and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention. Sale at 9 o'clock a. m.

Terms: Ten months credit for approved notes on sums over $5.

This is a large sale and all must be sold. Come early.

A. YEARICK.

G. H. Bell, auctioneer.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.—In pursuance of an order issued out of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, there will be offered at public sale on

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1905, 10 A. M.,

on tract No. 2, hereinafter described, all those two certain messuages, tenements and tracts of land situate in the township of Gregg, county of Centre, State of Pennsylvania, three miles north of Spring Mills, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

No. 1. On the north by lands of John B. Ream, on the east by land of John B. Ream, Abraham Lose, Jacob Detwiler, Ruth Armbrewster and William Weaver's estate, on the south by lands of George Armbrewster, and on the west by land of Samuel Homan and Aaron Long, containing 200 acres, more or less. Excepting and reserving from the said described property, tract No. 1, the property herein described and known as the Penn's Cave property. Thereon erected a house, barn and outbuildings, almost new. About 175 acres are in a good state of cultivation, balance in timber. The house is 26x36 feet, barn 45x66 feet. Farm is well located and desirable in every way.

SAW MILL. A well equipped saw mill, power furnished by turbine water wheel.

ALSO, tenement house, 16x27 feet, and blacksmith shop 20x30 feet.

No. 2. PENN'S CAVE. Beginning at a stone in the public road leading to Farmers Mills, thence along said road and land of George Long north 61 1-2 degrees east 48 perches to stones, thence north 25 1-2 degrees east 20 perches to stones, thence south 61 1-2 degrees west 48 perches to stones, thence south 25 1-2 degrees east 20 perches to the place of beginning, containing six acres neat measure, together with all the privileges in and under the ground as far as the same is hollow or can be reached by entering said Cave, thereon erected Penn's Cave Hotel, stable and outbuildings.

TERMS. Ten per cent. of purchase money to be paid on day of sale, the balance of one-third of purchase money to be paid on confirmation of sale, one-third in one year, and the balance in two years, with interest, the deferred payments to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

Jesse Long, who owns the undivided one-half interest in the above described premises, will offer the same for sale at the time and place above mentioned.

LEWIS KORMAN, JESSE LONG,
Admrs. of Samuel Long, dec'd.
GETTIG, BOWER AND ZERBY, Attys, Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE OR RENT—A very desirable property, situated in Gregg township, Centre county, near Spring Mills, Pa.; containing 22 acres, more or less, of very fertile soil, under good cultivation. An orchard of choice and good-bearing apple trees. The house is large and of brick with Mansard roof, and contains 17 rooms; large outbuilding, story and a half, for kitchen purposes. Well of good water by the door and large cistern. Wood-house, smoke-house, chicken-house, good barn, carriage-house and other outbuildings. Property was formerly occupied by the late James G. Evans and family. Terms made known by undersigned.

REV. L. K. EVANS,
221 King St.,
Pottstown, Pa.
Jan. 12.

THE SHARPLESS TUBULAR CREAM SEPARATOR is a short cut, saving half the dairy work. It is a low-down machine. There is no drudgery in washing the simple three piece Dairy Tubular Separator bowl. Avoid bucket bowls. They're all full of troublesome parts. Twenty-six sizes—take the one that will accommodate your herd. Considering the durability of the machine, the price is the lowest of any separator on the market. For further particulars write or apply in person to

H. D. ROSSMAN,
Spring Mills, Pa.

COW FOR SALE—M. J. Barger, two miles south of Spring Mills, in Georges Valley, offers for sale an extra good cow; will be fresh about middle of February.

WANTED—TRUSTWORTHY MAN OR WOMAN to manage business in this county and adjoining territory for well established house of solid financial standing. $20.00 straight cash salary with all necessary expenses paid weekly by check from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Position permanent; previous experience not essential. No investment required. We furnish everything. Enclose self-addressed envelope. Address, Manager, 810 Como Block, Chicago, Ill. o13

D. F. FORTNEY
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
Office North of Court House.

W. HARRISON WALKER
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
BELLEFONTE, PA.
No. 19 W. High Street.
All professional business promptly attended to.

"LISTEN"

From now on we will sell you the following at . . . . .

25 Per Cent. Off

All Winter Underwear, all Winter Gloves and Mittens, Leggings of all kinds, Men's and Boys' Sweaters.

Bargains in Men's AND Boys' Suits

Prices on Chocolate, Rice and Prunes, continued.

C. W. SWARTZ
TUSSEYVILLE, PA.

THE YEAR 1905

Finds us prepared to serve you in all lines of House Furnishings, from a

COOK STOVE
TO A PIANO

We meet all opposition midway, and cannot be undersold by any one. Our goods must be as represented. They are so in every case.

We take this opportunity to thank you for your patronage in the past and at the same time solicit a continuance of it.

JOHN SMITH & BRO.
SPRING MILLS.

THE BEST SHOES

Closing Out Sale of Shoes

Owing to other business engagements which demand a share of our attention, we have decided to

Close Our Shoe Store at Philipsburg and have Moved the Entire Stock to Bellefonte, where we will inaugurate Beginning February 16, the Largest Money-saving Shoe Sale Ever Held in Centre County. . . . . .

This large line of Boots and Shoes must go, and go quickly, at an immense sacrifice. We have not the room in our Bellefonte store for such a large additional stock—over $2000 worth of the finest kind of boots and shoes. If you contemplate buying shoes it will pay you to wait for this big sacrifice sale. Even if you do not need the shoes it will pay you to patronize this sale, for no such bargains have ever been offered to the people of Centre county in days gone by, nor is such a sale likely to occur again in the near future.

We have made up our minds to sell this lot of shoes and it will pay you to buy shoes even if you have to lay them away until you need them.

YEAGER & DAVIS
BELLEFONTE, PA.
THE SHOE MONEY - SAVERS

YEAGER & DAVIS

REARICK BROTHERS . . .

Intend Making their Store one of the foremost in the Valley, and expect to do so only by giving Bargains in the . . . . Housefurnishing Line

When thinking of buying come and examine our Stock. Everything cut to the lowest prices.

A DOLLAR SAVED IS A DOLLAR EARNED

...REARICK BROS...

Furniture Dealers and Funeral Directors . . .

CENTRE HALL.